



INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR ROAD-RAIL
COMBINED TRANSPORT



2020-21

UIRR Report

EUROPEAN ROAD-RAIL COMBINED TRANSPORT

THE MISSION OF UIRR, AS AN INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION, IS TO

grow the pie for Combined Transport through enabling fair competition based on technical merit and management excellence

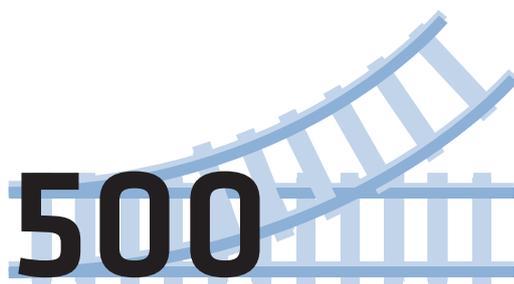
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IMPRESSUM

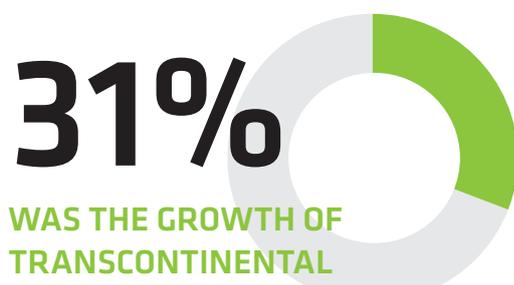
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Key Figures of Combined Transport



500
WAS THE NUMBER OF EUROPEAN COMBINED TRANSPORT TERMINALS CONNECTED BY UIRR CT OPERATORS

The CT Operators of UIRR provided railway connections between more than 70% of the 700 intermodal terminals throughout Europe in 2020. The European intermodal terminals will be found on the Rail Facilities Portal: <https://railfacilitiesportal.eu>



31%
WAS THE GROWTH OF TRANSCONTINENTAL CONSIGNMENTS TRANSPORTED BETWEEN ASIA AND EUROPE

UIRR CT Operators carried 144.000 consignments on transcontinental relations in 2020, which represented a 31% increase compared to 2019. Transcontinental intermodal rail is the most dynamically expanding segment of Combined Transport, which currently makes up about 5% of total annual Combined Transport performance.

25.000

INTERMODAL WAGONS WERE ENOUGH TO TRANSPORT 4,56 MILLION TRUCKLOADS IN 2020

UIRR CT Operators transported 4,56 million consignments using just 25.000 intermodal rail wagons. This compares to the more than 242.000 freight wagons that exist in the EU as reported by UIC. Intermodal rail produces about 50% of annual rail freight tonne-kilometres.

CT PERFORMANCE IN

2020

UIRR CT Operators delivered a surprisingly strong performance in 2020, a memorable year mired by the coronavirus pandemic: the growth of intermodal tonne-kilometre performance was **6,77%** with a **1,02%** growth in the number of consignments transported.

4,56 million was the total number of intermodal consignments transported in 2020, which means that UIRR CT Operators carried **more than half** of the estimated total intermodal rail transport in Europe.

The growth of semi-trailers in the mix of intermodal loading units used was 3,5-times more than the total growth of number of consignments in 2020. The semi-trailer is the typical loading unit of choice for first-time intermodal users. The pandemic-related border crossing restrictions in place during 2020 convinced many shippers to choose a Combined Transport solution for the first time.



THE 9,12 MILLION TEU AND
THE 89,6 BILLION TKM
PERFORMANCE OF 2020
WERE BOTH HISTORIC HIGHS

THE STATE OF AFFAIRS FROM THE PRESIDENT

European Road-Rail Combined Transport (CT) delivered surprisingly strong growth in 2020, despite the pandemic. In terms of number of consignments, a 1,02% increase over the 2019 figure was achieved, while performance grew by 6,77% when measured in tonne-kilometres. Both the 9,12 million TEU and the 89,6 billion tkm figures achieved in 2020 represent historic highs.

The development of UIRR, the industry association of the sector, was boosted by the accession of four new members, while the number of partners and MoU Peers grew respectively by three.

**RALF-CHARLEY
SCHULTZE,
PRESIDENT**

CT PERFORMANCE

The coronavirus pandemic presented a once-in-a-lifetime challenge to the world economy, and the transport sector. Combined Transport held up comparatively well, delivering historic high-performance figures in both the number of consignments, and in tonne-kilometre terms. The difficulty of crossing borders for trucks during the lockdown period affected intermodal trains less. On the other hand, the suspended circulation of passenger trains enabled a previously unseen punctuality performance for freight, matching the unobstructed running of trucks in case there were no private automobiles on the roads.

The UIC-UIRR Report on Combined Transport of 2020 found that, while the market share of rail freight did not change in Europe as a whole, intermodal rail was responsible for nearly half the tonne-kilometres produced by freight trains. Thereby, Combined Transport became the largest, most important production system of rail freight, not only the one growing the most dynamically. Combined Transport has clearly proven that it can efficiently shift cargo carried in trucks onto trains.

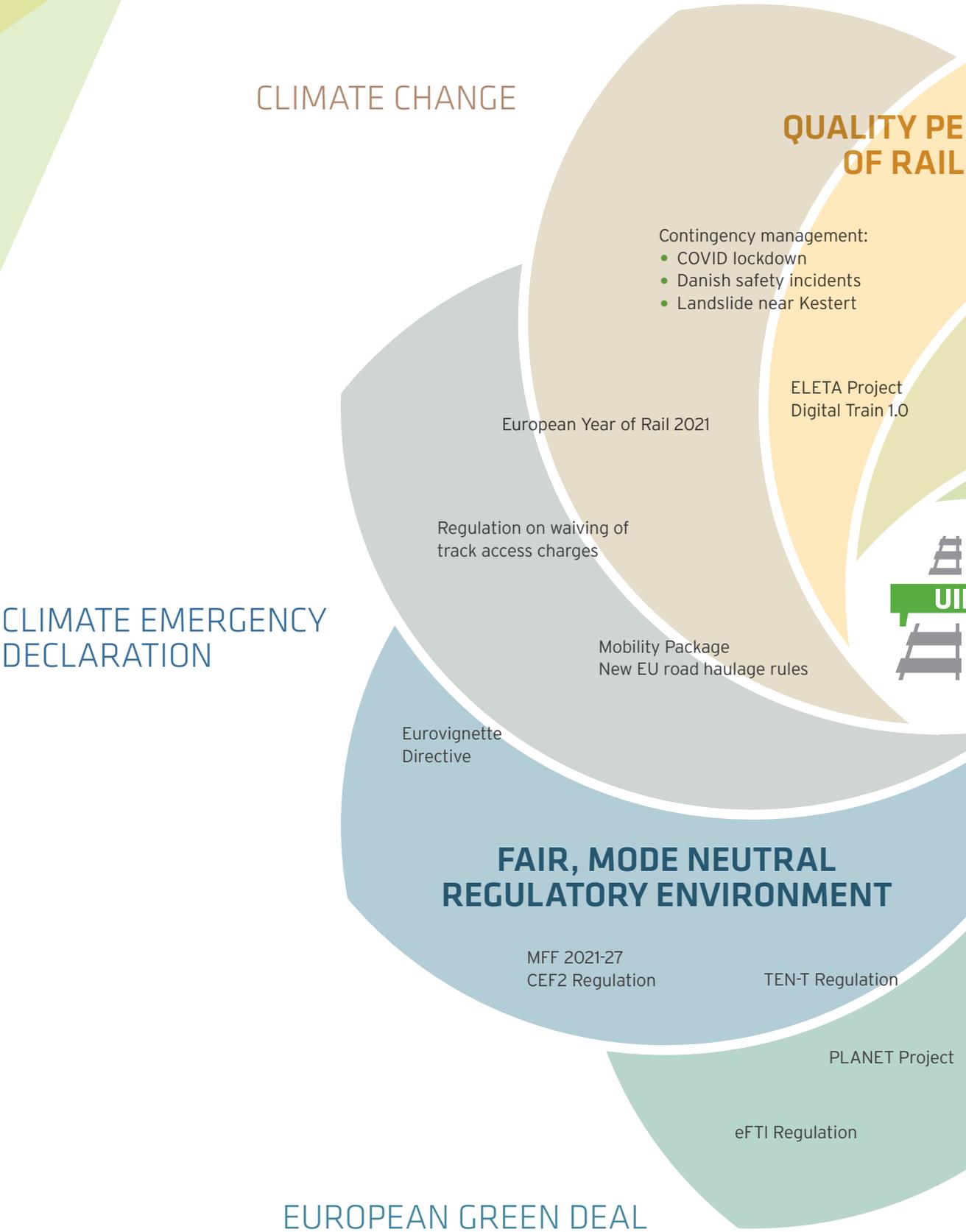
The sentiment of UIRR members has turned "positive" for the first time in early 2021, despite the operational difficulties presented by (i) the safety incident on the Great Belt Bridge, which resulted in a 4-month suspension of semi-trailer transport through Denmark, (ii) the landslide near Kestert on the right bank of the Rhine Valley, which rendered a very busy double track railway line unusable for 8 weeks, and (iii) the grounding of the mega-container vessel, Ever Given, during March in the Suez Canal, which caused a significant disruption to port operations and the related hinterland transport chains.

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

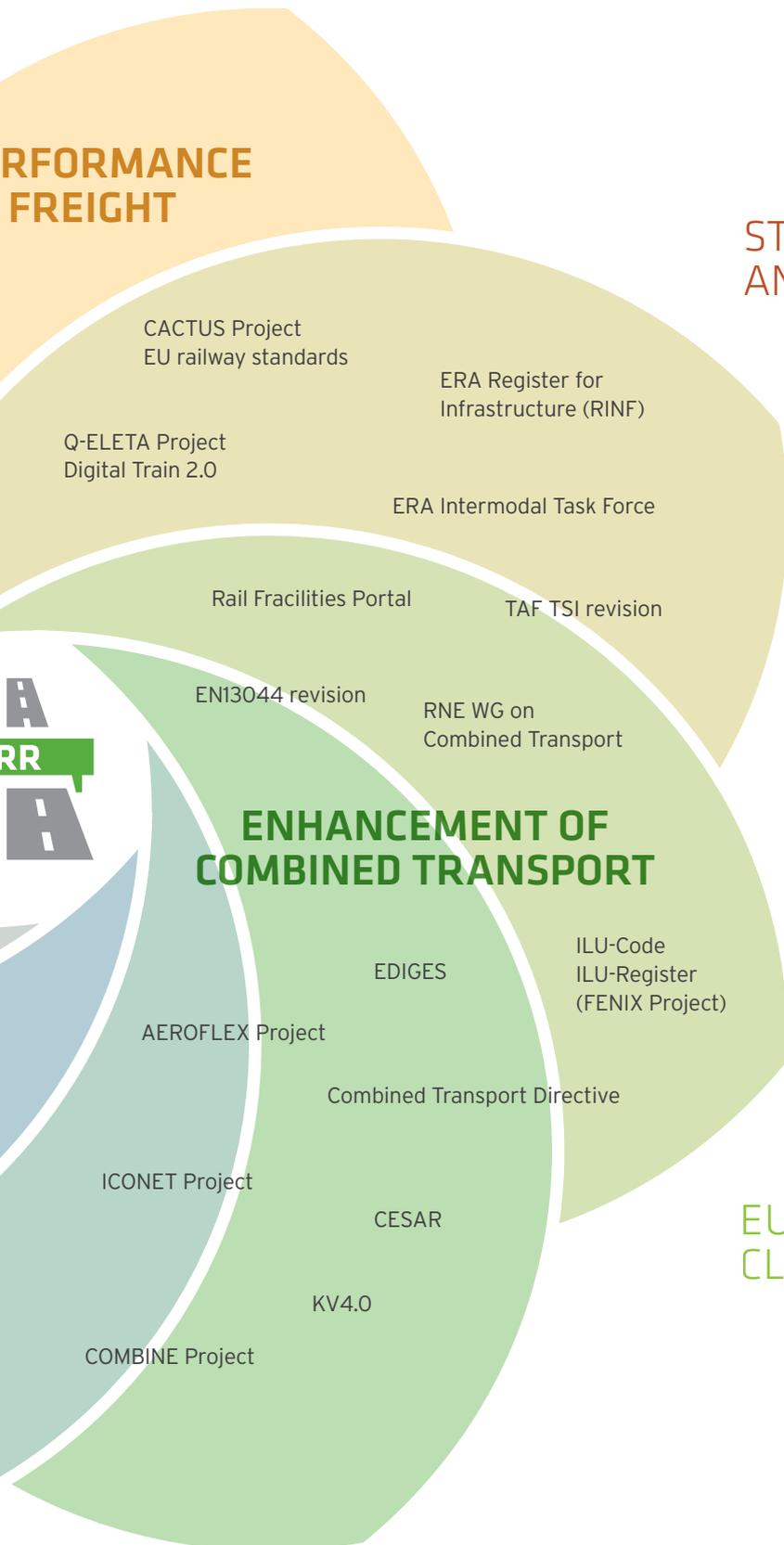
The new EU road haulage rules - adopted as part of Mobility Package I - and the legislative repercussions of the European Green Deal (EGD) dominated the European policy arena. The political compromise reached during the triilogue negotiations of the new EU road haulage rules created an unusual regulatory option for Member States. Accordingly, compliance with Article 4 of the Combined Transport (CT) Directive - which spells out the legal equivalence between a border crossing road transport operation and its corresponding Combined Transport operation - may be suspended by government decision after February 2022. The impact assessment study ordered by the intermodal sector and the Commission-initiated study predict a severe reverse modal shift, should such decisions be made.

The European Climate Law, which contains the decarbonisation commitments of the European Union, as well as the Strategy on Smart and Sustainable Mobility issued by the European Commission, points towards just the opposite: the need for much more modal shift. A level playing field between the various modes of transport has been pledged by 2050, alongside the full carbon neutrality of the continent. The necessary modal shift will require correct market signals. Therefore, the Commission has withdrawn its earlier amendment proposal to the CT Directive with the intention to improve the temporary compensatory measures defined within it. The retabling of the improved CT Directive has been promised in the second half of 2022.

Summary of the year



UIRR's strategy has focused on three areas: Quality Performance of Rail Freight, the emergence of a Fair, Mode-Neutral Regulatory Framework, and the Enhancement of Combined Transport. During the year of 2020, dominated by the coronavirus pandemic, substantial progress has been achieved in all three areas.



STRATEGY FOR SMART AND SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY

The European Green Deal

The 2019 European elections produced a new European Parliament consisting of members, who took climate change much more seriously than before. One of the first actions of the new European Parliament was the adoption of the Climate Emergency Declaration in November 2019. This was followed by the unveiling of the European Green Deal by the new European Commission President, Ursula Von Der Leyen.

Frans Timmermans, the Commission's First Executive Vice President, was tasked with the implementation of the European Green Deal. Firstly, the European Climate Law had to be drafted and negotiated with the Member State governments. Accordingly, the greenhouse gas emissions of EU Member States will have to be reduced by 55% (from the base year of 1990) until 2030, while full carbon neutrality should be achieved by 2050.



DANIEL MES

Member of the Cabinet
First Executive Vice-President Frans
Timmermans
European Commission

Combinations often yield strong results. In Kung Fu, according to David Carradine, the third move that combines two other moves is a different, better course of action. Similarly, combined transport benefits multiple parts of the European Green Deal in one go. We know that combined transport is flexible during crises and, with longer train legs, yields environmental benefits. Even with decarbonised road transport, transporting by rail is energy efficient. With the right framework, combined transport can be a triple win for transport, environment and energy bills. After a challenging 2020, the Commission will use 2021 and 2022 to flesh out the European Green Deal with concrete legislation. In the spirit of combinations, we will couple the right carbon price signal across transport modes with further proposals to empower combined transport. We want to trigger investment in terminals and infrastructure fit for intermodal operations, both physically and digitally. By rewarding sustainable combined transport choices, we can boost them as a business case. We look forward to joining forces with UIRR to build a bright and green recovery in transport.

THE PATH TO DECARBONISATION

The Climate Law objectives had then to be aligned with the economic recovery package made necessary by the coronavirus pandemic-related economic crisis. The €750 billion Recovery and Resilience Facility will provide previously unforeseen tools to EU Member States over the next 3 years to jumpstart the decarbonisation measures.

The next task for the European Commission is the development of the "Fit for 55 Package" of legislative proposals. A mixture of carbon taxation and energy efficiency boosting rules will be proposed to facilitate the delivery of the necessary decarbonisation. The EU Emission Trading Scheme (ETS), engine efficiency standards and various incentives to develop and implement technologies will form part of the proposals - all with the intention to drive towards net carbon neutrality.

Besides putting the currently used low-carbon technologies of Combined Transport to more intense use, the intermodal sector will evolve to transform Combined Transport into a truly zero-carbon solution and thereby reinforce its existing carbon-, energy- and labour-efficiency advantage.

The Strategy on Smart and Sustainable Mobility

LOST DECADES

The last two decades were lost from the perspective of transport decarbonisation: fuel consumption tests became detached from real life driving, and diesel engine manufacturers installed test-beating software rather than genuinely improving fuel efficiency, while passenger and commercial vehicles with ever larger engines were brought to the market. The automotive and fossil fuel sectors successfully collaborated to prevent the passage of every proposal tabled by the European Commission to reverse the trend.

The result: transport is the only sector of the economy, which increased its carbon footprint over the last decades. Currently, transport activities account for 24,6% of the European carbon emissions, which is slated to further grow unless effective measures are taken.

Combined Transport caught on in Europe after the first oil crises. The passage of the first Combined Transport Directive in 1975 showed the clear intention to tap into the superior energy efficiency and very low CO₂ potential that lies in the combination of modes.

The 2001 EU Transport White Paper introduced the concept of modal shift as a policy objective to shift from high carbon intensity and low energy efficiency road transport towards more environmentally sustainable rail and waterborne modes. Implementation of the necessary policy measures - the amendment of the regulatory framework along the user-pays and polluter-pays principles - to correct the price signals, which drove market players to road haulage, has however been consistently derailed.



ADINA-IOANA VĂLEAN

Commissioner for Transport
European Commission

This Commission attaches great importance to meeting the EU Green Deal objectives for transport - including a 90% reduction in transport emissions by 2050. This is why intermodal transport and efficient rail services feature prominently in our new Sustainable and Smart Mobility Strategy. The Strategy emphasises the importance of a seamless multimodal transport system, along with fair and efficient pricing to drive this transition. The European Year of Rail 2021 provides additional impetus to our efforts to modernise rail freight and put it on track to success. We want to see use of rail, inland waterways and short sea shipping increase significantly. As we internalise external costs, we also want intermodal transport to be able to compete on a level-playing field with road-only transport by 2030. Meeting these milestones will require comprehensive policy measures to address transport pricing, on the one hand, and improved efficiency and quality of sustainable modes, on the other. We must continue investing in rail and terminals, which remain priorities in CEF and the RRF. However, we must also build on digital solutions to reduce complexity and optimise the use of existing infrastructure capacity. We have challenging but exciting times ahead, and I am looking forward to continuing our work with the UIRR.

THE TIDE IS TURNING

The tide now seems to be turning with the European Green Deal, as the unwanted results of decades of inaction are knocking on our door. The European Commission published the Strategy for Smart and Sustainable Mobility with the actions needed in the transport sector to effectively decarbonise. In freight transport this means the return of the user-pays and the polluter-pays principles, as well as of the notion of modal shift. Accordingly, a 90% carbon emission reduction is to be achieved through making sustainable alternatives available, and creating seamless multimodal transport based on digital solutions, while offering the right incentives for the sustainable choices.

Combined Transport is ready with its proven techniques, which can efficiently shift cargo carried in trucks today to much more energy efficient and low carbon modes for the longer distance segments of the journey. Intermodal solutions can economically deliver meaningful results with the right, supportive regulatory framework in a relatively short time span.

Major legislative dossiers

European Union legislation is proposed by the European Commission based on a political programme adopted at the time of the European elections. The 2019 elections were followed by the European Green Deal, which placed several legislative dossiers inherited by the Von Der Leyen Commission into a different light. The new approach is obviously reflected by the members of the European Parliament, who were elected at the same time.



ANNA DEPARNAY - GRÜNENBERG

Member of the European Parliament
TRAN Committee, Greens

With the European Green Deal, an important cornerstone was laid, which shows that politicians and the public take climate change seriously. But in order to be credible, words must be followed by actions. Climate change must be stopped, harmful emissions must be reduced, and yet we must remain mobile, and the transport sector must not lose its efficiency. We are facing a great challenge, but not a hopeless one. Fortunately, there is a large pool of options for making freight transport more environmentally friendly and even increasing its efficiency and it is important to operate all the levers available. Multimodality, which combines the best of all modes, is an important tool for example. However, it should be noted that the focus must be on the use of rail, the most climate-friendly mode of transport. Therefore, it is important that the entire rail network is expanded and that only the "last mile" is covered by road. This includes, on the one hand, the construction of new train stations and the creation of better connections to enable a denser network, and on the other hand, further electrification of railway lines. In addition, huge efforts must be undertaken for the "last mile" in order to turn road transport towards "zero-emission" transport with all-electric vehicles. It can be said that combined transport can make an important contribution to climate protection, but only with decarbonized modes of transport. In other words: we need zero-carbon combined transport.

NEW EU ROAD HAULAGE RULES

Over the course of 2017-18 the European Commission introduced several pieces of legislation - grouped into four Mobility Packages - to comprehensively rewrite the rules of transport by road. Parts of Mobility Package 1 concerning the access to the market and the profession, as well as on the posting and working and social rights of transport workers have been passed into law in July 2020.

The political deal, reached during the tri-ilogue negotiations in December 2019, has been struck just as the Von Der Leyen Commission took office. An unusual regulatory solution was invented by the tri-ilogue negotiators, which allows the suspension of compliance with Article 4 of the CT Directive on the initiative of Member State governments.

Article 4 declares the legal equivalence between a border crossing road haulage operation and its matching Combined Transport solution. This has been a mainstay of the European intermodal sector since 1975. The impact assessment study by Oliver Wyman, on order of the sector, and the European Commission's impact assessment study both confirmed that the suspension of Article 4 would cause substantial reverse modal shift and a loss of market share by Combined Transport.



INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT AND EU FUNDING

Transport infrastructure development is the responsibility of the Member States. However, the European Union Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) programme offers important funding to assist with the development of the Trans European Network for Transportation (TEN-T). The 2021-27 Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) of the European Union re-set the priorities of infrastructure development, which required that the CEF Regulation is amended. The TEN-T Regulation will come under revision in 2021.

The recently launched €750 billion Recovery and Resilience Fund (RRF) of the EU also provides substantial funding for transport infrastructure.

Terminals are a vitally important component of the TEN-T network as they provide access for freight to the infrastructure. Combined Transport is a multimodal solution for the transport of freight, which is based on transshipment terminals. Whereas the refurbishment of passenger stations typically is part of an infrastructure development project, the upgrading of freight access points to the TEN-T network has been neglected during the past years. But this will change now, as more funding is pledged for the important cause of terminal development.



PEDRO NUNO SANTOS

Minister for Infrastructure and Housing
Portuguese Council Presidency

Towards a Resilient and Green Logistics

No single transport mode can guarantee the integrity of supply chains amid restrictions to travel and movement. The decarbonization of transport and logistics are also essential in facing the biggest challenge of our generation.

Achieving climate neutrality in 2050 will require a massive investment in new infrastructure and rolling stock to enable a significant modal shift to rail. But rail transport will need to become even more integrated with road transport in order to ensure the best combination of efficiency, flexibility and reliability. Financing mechanisms such as the Connecting Europe Facility and the new Recovery and Resilience Programmes are an opportunity to accelerate that investment. However, Member States, European institutions and stakeholders need to mobilize to achieve the ambitious goals we have set ourselves.

INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGING AND INTERNALISATION

The revision of the Eurovignette Directive, which covers the EU rules of road tolling, is currently in the trilogue negotiations of the European co-legislators. In the spirit of a level playing field, road tolling and track access charging for railway users should be based on the same political principles so that this significant cost component of transport services does not lead unfair advantages. Tolling therefore must reflect congestion charging, as must the same discounts offered to road technology be available to trains.

Economic actors in open market competition will only be able to make the right choices if they receive the correct price signals. Modal shift will be delivered by correcting the inadequacies of infrastructure access charging and implementing the polluter-pays principles correctly into the Eurovignette and other related EU directives such as the taxation of fossil fuels or the Emission Trading Scheme (ETS).

Actions of the EU Agency for Railways

Since the creation of ERA, UIRR has been integrated into the Network of Representative Bodies (NRB) and UIRR represents the freight customers on the ERA management Board. UIRR experts actively contribute to numerous ERA-related activities (TSIs working parties, JNS, GRB) with the aim to advance the cause of Combined Transport.

JNS PROCEDURES RELATED TO THE GREAT BELT FIXED LINK

JNS (Joint Network Secretariat) procedures develop EU-wide harmonised responses following an incident. In 2019, an accident occurred on the Great Belt Bridge involving a CT train with pocket wagons and an intercity passenger train travelling on the neighbouring track. The JNS urgent procedure was concluded in 2019.



DR JOSEPH DOPPELBAUER

Executive Director
European Agency for Railways

Overshadowed by COVID, 2020 has marked the full transition to the 4th Railway Package, a major milestone for the Single European Railway Area. The technical pillar is now applicable in all Member States of the European Union - rolling stock, including combined transport wagons is thus subject to vehicle authorisation by the Agency. COVID made 2020 a very difficult year - while the reduction in rail passenger volume has been between 70 and 90%, rail freight decreased by only 12%, not to the least thanks to the strong contribution of Combined Transport. The European Green Deal calls for a substantial shift of inland freight from road to rail and inland waterways. We therefore need to build a European Railway System that can deliver on these demands - again, Combined Transport will play a key role. The preparation of the TSI Package 2022 is in full swing now, including a Topical Working Group on Combined Transport. This action reflects the importance of Combined Transport, highlighting the need for harmonisation of rules, comprehensively defined in a single document, eventually a TSI for Combined Transport. Cooperation is key - also for mastering critical situations from day-to-day operations. Such cooperation within JNS has proven essential for mitigating the impact of the Great Belt incident, addressing safety while respecting the broader business picture. Combined Transport will remain at the core of the multimodal transport and logistic chain.

In January 2021, a safety incident occurred on the same section of infrastructure involving a CT train consisting of pocket wagons carrying semi-trailers. Temporary short-term mitigation measures have been decided in a new JNS Urgent Procedure. Medium- and long-term measures will be developed affecting the infrastructure in a JNS Normal Procedure, as both incidents took place on the same section under very strong crosswinds.

A DEDICATED WORKING GROUP ON COMBINED TRANSPORT

The European Commission recently launched the comprehensive revision of Technical Specifications of Interoperability (TSI). Until mid-2022, ERA will prepare proposals to update several TSIs. A Working Group dedicated to Combined Transport has been formed with a mandate to implement the report of the 2018 Task Force on Combined Transport. Topics include the nomination of competent national bodies for CT-specific issues, rules for CT-related codification, the calculation and attribution of wagon compatibility codes and corrective figures, as well as the rules for the entities allowed to codify intermodal loading units. UIRR supports ERA and the European Commission to create a dedicated TSI for Combined Transport for the essential requirements for CT.

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OF CT THROUGH TAF TSI

The TSI on Telematics for Freight (TAF TSI) regulates the data exchange between actors in the railway sector. UIRR proposed modifications to the core text during the previous 2019-20 revision cycle to allow stakeholders of rail freight operations such as CT Operators and Terminal Managers to exchange selected TAF messages. In the current 2020-22 revision cycle, UIRR has submitted new proposals covering quality monitoring, extension of messages, and the Register of ILUs.

Standardisation

Standardisation facilitates interoperability, efficiency and safety in Combined Transport through commonly agreed, industry best practices and voluntary standards. Occasionally, voluntary standards may be referenced in European legislation, designating these standards mandatory.

European Union Agency for Railways (ERA)	European Committee for Standardization (CEN)
ERA is responsible for the Technical Specifications for Interoperability (TSIs) that describe the essential requirements for all railway (sub)-systems with a focus on safety and interoperability.	CEN provides a platform for the development of European standards (EN) and other technical documents that cover mainly intermodal loading units and transshipment-related topics.
International Union of Railways (UIC)	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
UIC produces International Railway Solutions (IRS), which blend a range of voluntary technical solutions for the railway system.	ISO develops voluntary global standards. The ISO/TC 104 deals with every aspect of maritime freight containers in 3 sub-committees that oversee more than 40 ISO standards.



FRANCOIS DAVENNE

Director General
UIC

Joining forces at the customer's benefit is the only way forward to make Rail Freight in Europe a success. With the Green Deal, Europe expressed its explicit willingness to make the European mobility system more climate neutral. It goes without saying that the European rail freight sector will be able to contribute significantly is reaching these ambitious targets. As an incubator and initiator of international rail cooperation, UIC plays a prominent role in bringing different stakeholders together fostering and pushing modal shift. During the last period UIC participated in and followed up on projects to materialise this spirit of cooperation. Together with UIRR, UIC and its Combined Transport Group made a comparative analysis - named CACTUS - on the practices and legal aspects within the framework of Combined transport and terminal operations. This basic research can now be used as framework for further harmonisation. UIC with the Combined Transport Group and in collaboration with UIRR leads the process of defining the UIC/International Rail Solution (IRS), the basis for harmonising the railway world and maintaining a high level of safety, which makes it the safest mode of transport in Europe. These combined activities are the only way forward as Mr. Davenne, director general of UIC confirms: "Collaboration between the stakeholders is one of the most important success factors to contribute to what citizens and customers want: receiving qualitative logistics services at reasonable price but keeping overall climate ambitions in mind."

CACTUS PROJECT ON CT STANDARDS

UIRR and UIC initiated in 2020 a comparative analysis of the Combined Transport Usages and Standards (CACTUS). The aim of this joint action was to (i) analyse and identify the potential overlaps, contradictions and gaps in existing reference documents such as EU Regulations, EN/ISO standards and UIC IRS, and (ii) to provide recommendations on the open points and gaps identified. The study recommended the creation of a specific TSI on Combined Transport to harmonise the current practices of line codification, wagon corrective digit calculation and ILU certification.

CEN TC 119 ON INTERMODAL TRANSPORT

The CEN TC 119 (Intermodal Loading Units and Cargo Securing) is responsible for (i) the standardisation of ILUs, which are designed for intermodal transport within Europe, including their interoperability across the different transport modes, and (ii) the standardisation of the minimum requirements and test methods for cargo securing. UIRR is the coordinator for the design/testing/marketing requirements for all classes of swap bodies and (craneable) semi-trailers.

EU-initiated digitalisation

European transport policymakers have recognized the need to release the productivity-enhancing power of digitalisation onto freight transport. Building on the voluntary digitalisation by market players, government actors in charge of enforcement should also digitalise to maximise the competitiveness gains. The European Union has undertaken several initiatives to untap this potential.



MAGDA KOPCZYŃSKA

Director D, DG MOVE,
European Commission

UIRR has been a long-term partner in discussions on how to promote sustainable freight transport, as more multimodal and smart transport solutions are needed, which are also at the heart of the Commission's Smart and Sustainable Transport Strategy.

The EU Regulation 2020/1056 on electronic freight transport information (eFTI) entered into force in August 2020, with the main aim to allow operators to exchange cargo related information electronically with the authorities anywhere in the EU, whenever required.

The eFTI data model will enable operators to exchange real-time transport information across the entire the logistics chain, regardless of the transport mix used. Beyond removing the need for paper documents, this will allow the optimisation of transport planning, vehicle loading and routing, and significantly reduce the costs for multimodality.

The Commission is currently preparing the implementing rules for the Regulation. These will become EU law by mid-2023, and both operators and authorities will have until August 2025 to apply them.

The Commission has started to work on the revision of the Combined Transport Directive. Additionally, a study is ongoing to assess the total system costs of various intermodal transshipment technologies both from the point of view of operators and of infrastructure providers.

ELECTRONIC FREIGHT TRANSPORT INFORMATION (EFTI) REGULATION

The eFTI Regulation (2020/1056) requires the digitalisation of every government authority, which plays a role in freight transport. The structure and timeline for how shippers, transport operators and other actors must encode the dataset that accompanies a particular freight movement was decided. The Commission created the Digital Transport Logistics Forum (DTLF), where sector representatives - including UIRR nominated experts - develop the proposals for the 4 implementing regulations that will provide the blueprint to the delivery of the Regulation's objectives. Member State authorities will have to enable the delivery of information in a digital form, and thus modernise their enforcement routines.

REGISTER OF INFRASTRUCTURE (RINF)

<https://rinf.era.europa.eu/rinf>

The Fourth Railway Package has mandated European rail infrastructure managers to digitalise every information regarding the rail infrastructure under their care. The RINF database has been accordingly established by the EU Agency for Railways.

RAIL FACILITIES PORTAL (RFP)

<https://railfacilitiesportal.eu>

The RFP is a common European web portal designed for service facility managers - such as freight terminals, marshalling yards, etc. - to publish information about their facilities in compliance with EU Regulation 2177/2017, as well as to promote their services. The RFP is a single source of information to assist the optimisation of transport operations for shippers, LSPs, CT operators, railway undertakings, and other rail freight users. The operation and portal management of the RFP has been contracted out by the European Commission to RNE and UIRR.

Sector-led digitalization

Digitalisation means the use of digital technologies to change processes and to provide new revenues and value-creation through enhanced products and services. It is an important value creator for freight logistics and Combined Transport. UIRR published a roadmap for an effective digital transformation to advance Combined Transport in Europe in 2019, which serves as the foundation for UIRR's digitalisation-related activities.

ILU-CODE APPLICATION

www.ilu-code.eu

UIRR is the Administrator of the ILU-Code, which is a European identification system for continental loading units (swap bodies and semi-trailers). The 11-digit code is used to identify the ILU and its owner. More than 1,000 ILU-Code owner-keys have been registered since 2011.



HARALD HOTZ

President,
RailNet Europe

In 2020, RNE intensively expanded its strategic partnership with combined transport companies and terminals. UIRR is a very important and reliable partner and we have managed to work together on several successful projects.

- *Last year, we jointly took over the management and operation of the Rail Facilities Portal from the European Commission and now offer a uniform information platform for presenting rail facilities.*
- *RNE and UIRR are also working together on the Digital Train project. Together with the UIRR and other partners, RNE is bringing together digitally almost all information related to a train run, from the first to the last mile, across countries and companies.*
- *Together with UIRR as a partner, RNE is also working on improving the TSI, in particular the TAF TSI, in order to be able to exchange the required information with all freight partners involved in a secure and controlled environment.*

It is important for RNE to continue this good partnership successfully in the coming years.

The ILU-Code application was redesigned under the FENIX project, adding the new feature: European Register on the Technical Characteristics of a single ILU-Code. The digital availability of codification plate data of an ILU is essential for improved terminal operations: train load optimization, route compatibility checks, damage reporting.

PREDICTION AND EXCHANGE OF ETA INFORMATION

The ELETA (Electronic Exchange of ETA information) project launched in 2017 aimed to demonstrate the advantages of exchanging the Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA) data within the whole rail supply chain management. Work on a method to reliably predict the ETA continues.

EDIGES – THE STANDARDISED DATA FORMAT FOR CT

The XML-based EDIGES industry standard has been designed to facilitate the integration of the actors into the CT logistics chain. Developed and maintained by a technical consortium of several key CT operators, UIRR is responsible for its maintenance and dissemination in the CT sector. The standard is currently used by hundreds of customers (booking), terminals (estimated time of departure), CT operators (ETAs) and Railway Undertakings (consignment note).

NEW COLLABORATIVE DIGITAL PLATFORMS

Enhanced data sharing models and innovative collaborative structures are considered as key components of the CT digital transformation. Recognising these requirements motivate the development of platforms for CT such as Modility, Railflow, Rail Freight Datahub and KV4.0 by different groups of intermodal actors. All these initiatives aim at offering turnkey digital solutions for the CT chain. UIRR promotes all research efforts for advanced digital interconnectivity such as for example the FENIX connectors.

Development projects



RAIL FACILITIES PORTAL (RFP)



The RFP is a platform for service facility operators - such as freight terminals, marshalling yards, etc. - to publish information about their facilities in accordance with the applicable EU regulations 2177/2017 and 913/2010. It is designed to be a single online source of information enabling stakeholders to identify relevant facilities for the planning of services and the optimization of transport- and logistics-chains. The management of the portal has been contracted to RNE and UIRR by the European Commission. <https://railfacilitiesportal.eu>

DIGITAL TRAIN 1.0

The Digital Train 2.0 Action, co-funded by the CEF programme and coordinated by RNE, focuses on applied data sharing based on the European Train Information System (TIS). Primary is the combination of the train composition messages and real-time train information into a TAF TSI-compliant message. Two additional important aspects, coordinated by UIRR, are the computation of smart ETAs algorithms for selected CT trains and the integration of three selected terminal operators to the RNE TIS system. All collected inputs are integrated in the TAF TSI revision cycle started in 2020. The last topic, under the leadership of the RFC Rhine-Alpine, is an assessment of the feasibility of a Collaborative Decision Making Aviation (CDM-A) approach into the railway sector.



DIGITAL TRAIN 2.0

The Action "Digital Train 2.0" is the continuation of the successful Action "Enhanced real-time communication about train composition and estimated time of arrival" (a.k.a. ELETA). Digital Train 2.0 is divided into three activities: (1) an enhanced mapping between the train composition (locomotion wagons, container, ...) and tracking and tracing information, (2) a feasibility study for sharing information on train punctuality with customers will provide the conceptual basis for a practically feasible quality management system broadly supported by the sector (a.k.a. Q-ELETA) and (3) Timetable and Capacity Redesign programme (a.k.a. TTR) provides a new and innovative capacity management process to increase the efficiency in the train path allocation process. UIRR is responsible for the integration of smaller terminals into RNE TIS (subcontractors Combinant and WienCont) and for the Q-ELETA preliminary feasibility study.



AEROFLEX



The objective of the H2020 project AEROFLEX is to develop and demonstrate new technologies, concepts and architectures for complete vehicles with optimised aerodynamics, powertrains and safety systems, and flexible and adaptable loading units with advanced interconnectedness contributing to the vision of a “physical internet”. UIRR’s main role in the project consortium is to ensure the compatibility of the technical solutions devised by the AEROFLEX partners for intermodal transport. With the collaboration of CFL and its service providers, UIRR coordinates an intermodal test between Luxembourg and France to demonstrate that the innovative craneable features and aerodynamic features fitted on the semi-trailers are fully interoperable with different types of railway wagons (both horizontal and vertical techniques). More information on <https://aeroflex-project.eu>

FENIX



FENIX (European Federated Network of Information eXchange in LogistiX) is a 3-year-long Connecting Europe Facility project aiming to support the development, validation and deployment of the digital information systems along the TEN-T Core Network. It will develop an architecture for data sharing of digital corridor information systems serving the European logistics sector. UIRR is part of the Dutch pilot site on intermodal transport and takes care of the development of various reference files such as the ILU-Code Technical Register, EDIGES codes and European Drivers’ Database. UIRR also leads the eFTI demonstrator on the benefits of digital B2A exchanges. More information on <https://fenix-network.eu>

COMBINE



The COMBINE project, funded by the Interreg Baltic Sea Region (BSR) Programme, aims at enhancing the share of combined transport (CT) in the Baltic Sea Region to make transport more efficient and environmentally friendly. The COMBINE project is led by Port of Hamburg Marketing and involves together with 14 partners from Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Finland, Lithuania, Latvia, Poland and Sweden. With the support of UIRR, a benchmark terminal analysis was successfully closed with the aim to better comprehend the current handling processes (e.g. semi-trailers) and the legal context (ownership, operational). In addition, UIRR coordinates the activities regarding the analysis of the funding schemes and of the non-financial support measures in the BSR and contributes to the elaboration of an eBook on intermodal transport. More information on www.combine-project.com

ICONET



ICONET, funded by the EU’s H2020 program, is a state-of-the-art research and development project on the Physical Internet (PI) concept. The ICONET Proof of Concept has been deployed, tested, refined and extended in four industry-driven PI living labs. UIRR was the coordinator of the Living Lab whose objective is to create the foundations of a potential PI Hub in the area Port of Antwerp. The project was closed in February 2021. More information on <https://www.iconetproject.eu>

PLANET



PLANET, coordinated by Inlecom Group Ltd and co-funded under the H2020 research program, addresses the challenges of (1) assessing the impacts of emerging global trade corridors on the TEN-T network and (2) ensuring effective integration of the European context into the Global Network. UIRR is responsible for the legislative analysis (impacts on TEN-T corridors, greening of transport) and in the living lab 2 demonstrator (railway-related use cases to enhance transcontinental transport from Europe to Asia). UIRR has subcontracted Hupac and VTG as support for LL2.

The next 50 years

VISION

Zero-Carbon emission Combined Transport is the solution for well performing longer distance surface freight logistics in a carbon-neutral Europe

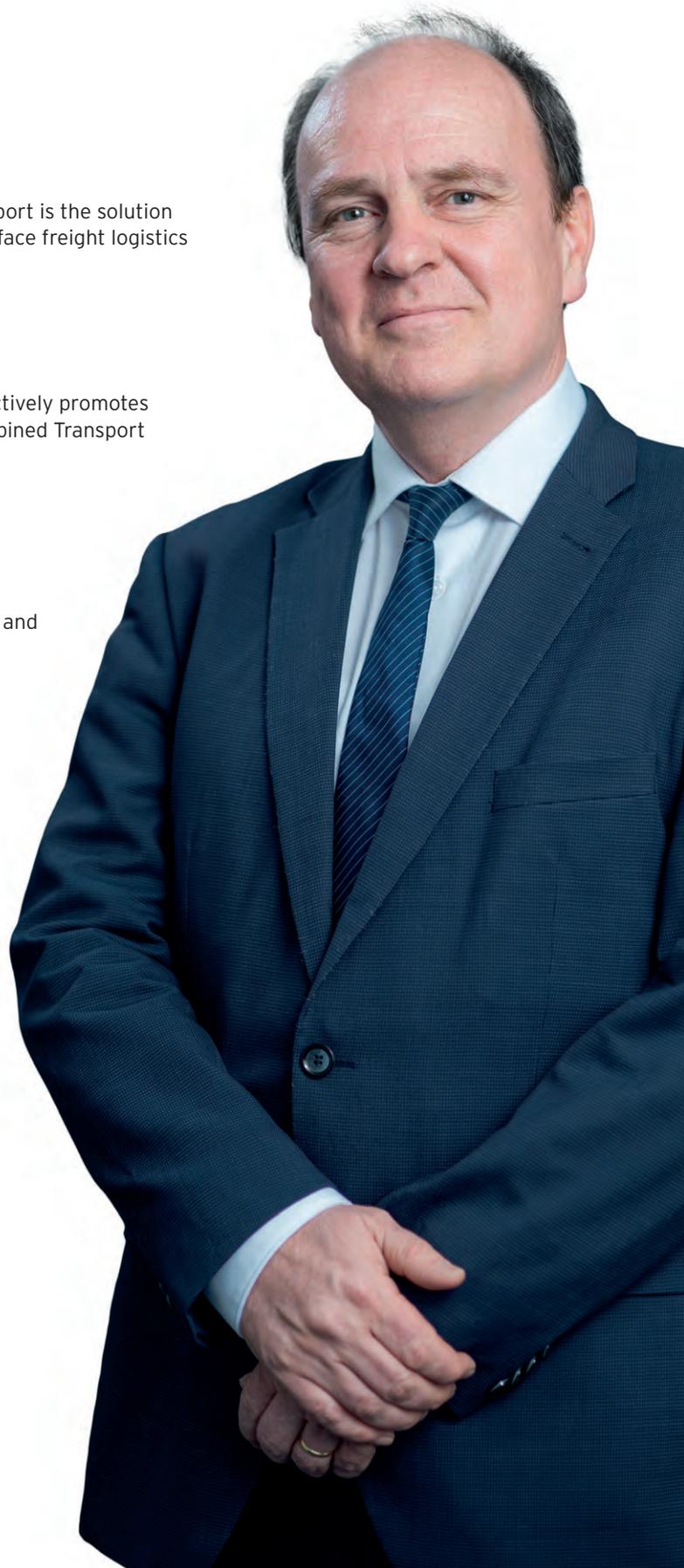
MISSION

UIRR advances the development and actively promotes competitive zero-carbon emission Combined Transport for Europe

STRATEGY

- **Understanding:** presentation and explanations through statistics, facts and regular reporting
- **Who?** The network: through the forging of alliances toward legislative and governmental policymakers, as well as economic decisionmakers
- **How?** The means: using every contemporary channel and clever form of focused communication
- **What?** The actions: offering regulatory, policy, standardisation, and industry best practice solutions

...all formulated along the priorities of infrastructure capacity, technical interoperability and level playing field.



Reflections

THEO ALLEMANN

Former Hupac Director



1970 a few CT companies joined to form a community of interests, UIRR. Forward-looking and being confirmed every year in a modal shift policy, helping climate and environment. Each company should continue to strengthen and develop itself, but when it comes to the transport policy framework conditions, it makes sense to proceed by means of a "union". Today, from "far away in time", I may say: the child is a 50-year-old strong and target-oriented person. My compliments! CT means "Green Future", it cannot be any better! Good luck and success for the next 50 years!

JÁNOS BERÉNYI

Former CEO, Gysev
Former President, INTERUNIT



Having observed the evolution of Combined Transport in Europe for the past several decades, and knowing its capabilities and benefits, I confidently state that Europe needs more Combined Transport and Combined Transport needs an industry association like UIRR to speak for it.

MARTIN BURKHARDT

Former UIRR Director General



Standardization as basis of containerization and intermodality led to automatization of transshipment and will continue with driverless electric platforms on an infrastructure dedicated for freight. Sustainability through High-Tech with Low-Cost at moderate but continuous speed.

HENRY MAILLARD

Former Gen.Councillor Belgium SPF
Mobilité & Chair UNECE WP24



UIRR, CT partners brought together by decades of challenges and transversal anticipation! Yesterday, rail-road interoperability! Today, modal shift and supply chain! Tomorrow, autonomous loading unit and intercontinental "logistics-as-a-service"! 2050, the CT metro and TENT!

EUGENIO MUZIO

Former UIRR Chairman/INTERUNIT/
CEMAT



It is the 50th Anniversary of UIRR, as Cemat I joined 41 years ago and between 2003 and 2009 I was Chairman of UIRR. UIRR has become a real reference towards the EU Commission. Today the Road sector is aiming for larger weights and dimensions, which is a risk for intermodality and the necessary modal shift, but also for the first and last mile on the road. In the future all efforts must concentrate on the green opportunities in all 27 Member States and not on the selfishness of a few.

ERIC PEETERMANS

Former SNCB/INTERUNIT



The future of CT remains challenging due to perennial obstacles about track access, priorities on the network, a delicate cost structure and unresolved issues on internalization of external costs. UIRR is positioned to advocate the advantages of CT in greening transportation.

GUDRUN WINNER-ATHENS

Managing Director, Winner Spedition
Former Chair, Kombiverkehr



It is now or never that CT must consolidate its irrefutable position in the logistics chain. Energy-efficient on the rail, strong in the distribution on the road - CT is sustainable transport logistics! The European Green Deal opens up the long overdue growth potential. Do it!

UIRR CEOs comments

GIUSEPPE ACQUARO

Terminali Italia



The goals achieved today are yesterday's impossible feats! The time has come to open the mind to get out of the anachronistic vision with which intermodal transport is considered. The step change will occur when the terminal will be designed as energy and digital hub. It is no coincidence that TI is working in this direction.

LIVIO AMBROGIO

Ambrogio Trasporti



This is the century of railway. With growing attention to the preservation of our planet, two elements will be key to achieve decarbonization: strong boost of intermodal transport and major development of rail infrastructure.

BEN BEIRNAERT

Combinant



The last year has been a confronting year for everybody. But we can see it also as a year in which we have evolved our business processes towards a higher standard. To get more freight onto the rail, there's only one solution. "working together" and not only with your contractual partners.

ED BURKHARDT

Baltic Rail



Give us improved costs and productivity through reduced track access charges, greater train lengths, and higher axle loads, and we can move the earth! As an American, I am complimentary at Europe's excellent service profile, ability to serve smaller markets, and competitive push. If we have a level playing field, we will succeed!

ANDREA DE BERNARDI

Mercitalia Intermodal



The year 2020 was the most difficult in the history of Mercitalia Intermodal but our organization, in close collaboration with railway companies and terminals, succeeded in safeguarding the capillarity of our national and international network dedicated to our customers. We are ready to seize all the opportunities that will arise in the economic recovery phase, which we already expect from the second half of 2021!

BERNHARD EBNER

Rail Cargo Group



The UIRR is a strong industry association and we, the ÖBB Rail Cargo Group, are very happy to be part of it. In the coming years, intermodal transport will experience both strong growth and challenging developments. Shifting volumes from road to rail with a focus on intermodal needs a strong UIRR in which we establish and promote our shared values and strive for conditions that support intermodal.

THIBAUT FRUITIER

NOVATRANS



CT is pioneer in decarbonisation and crucial for the supply chain. Novatrans targets Zero Carbon emission through terminal innovation and new alternative energy. We connect France to Europe, our network will be extended through strong intermodal hubs. UIRR stays fundamental as a technical expert in new rail technology with its strong European members network and must continue monitoring the relation to the EU Commission to promote and defend the intermodal sector. Let's make together the next 50 years as the modal shift era.

OTTO HAWLICEK

CTE



Combined Transport is both: our passion and our profession. Many thanks to UIRR for all the great and important work. UIRR is our strong network builder. The future will continue to be intermodal, much more than today. Cordial greetings from Enns to Brussels!

PETER KISS

METRANS



50 years for UIRR, 30 for Metrans, successfully shaping the history of CT in Europe. Metrans built a network, invested in terminals and own assets (80 locomotives, 3000 wagons) and will continue. Together with UIRR we must enable modal shift, to make Europe greener. Despite the pandemic, CT has proven to work perfectly. A lot is happening regarding the competitiveness, energy efficiency and harmonization in Europe. We stay optimistic. One of the many tasks of UIRR is to drum home these positive messages.

KARI-PEKKA LAAKSONEN

SAMSKIP Multimodal



In the short period that Samskip has been a member of the UIRR, the UIRR support has been very valuable. Samskip, UIRR and the whole intermodal sector have the common goal to promote and increase all combined transport and to make this the no. 1 transport mode in the coming 50 years!

LUDWIG NÄF

RAIpin



RAIpin will keep providing an easy intermodal access with its rolling motorway to reduce pollution between Germany and Italy for all types of truck companies - under continuously better conditions thanks to UIRR.

ALEXANDER OCHS

Kombiverkehr



The members of the UIRR have already created the basis for the future of multimodal mobility over the past five decades. In the next 50 years, together with the logistics sector, we will realise the traffic turnaround towards climate-neutral transport.

GEERT PAUWELS

LINEAS



A zero-emission automated European transport network with rail as backbone, seamlessly integrating all transport modes and linking Europe's economic hubs as one giant warehouse. That's combined transport in 2040, not 2070!

CHARLES PUECH D'ALISSAC

Naviland Cargo



No more questions, Combined Transport is the future for our customers, for our generations to come. Combined Transport is the growth of your logistics. Combined Transport is a greener planet. Combined Transport is 100% traceability. Together for 50 years.

KENNETH RUSSELL

John G. Russell



If ever rail has its moment of opportunity it must be now. Our environmental credentials and service offering are becoming of interest to manufacturers and retailers as they are seeking to decarbonise. We need to continue to innovate and keep at the forefront of decarbonisation.

MICHAIL STAHLHUT

HUPAC



Low Carb Diet - We connect Europe. We integrate rail into transport chains and make the climate revolution happen: rail reduces the GHG emissions by 80%, it is 40 times safer, consumes 60% less land and keeps people safe during the pandemic. We need a modal split target of 30% for rail - and we work for it.

UIRR Galaxy

Growing together

PARTNERS



UIRR OPERATORS



INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION PEERS

MOU PEERS



UIRR TERMINALS



GOVERNMENTAL BODIES

Partners Ideas

LARS DEITERDING

HaCon



Working together on the development of intermodal transport since the beginning, we see UIRR as reliable partner to realize our vision of sustainable freight transport, being in future as easy as multimodal passenger transport using our planning, operating & information systems.

JOHANN FEINDERT

GATX Rail Europe



We continue to invest to further diversify and grow our freight fleet to serve our broad footprint and support the shift from road to rail across Europe. Thus, we are protecting our climate, our environment and our future, provide excellent service and make railcar leasing easier!

MARIA GENYN

Unit 45



Combined Transport is absolutely vital and extremely important for the future. Its importance was again re-emphasized at the beginning of the Covid-pandemic when borders were closed. #carbonfootprint #nofuturewithoutCT #45'containers.

DANIEL HEMKER

Wecon



The intermodal sector will be the most important logistic factor across borders in Europe. For WECON, this is a big chance to contribute the best and proper transport equipment for the challenging tasks. Together with UIRR, we need to support intermodal transport every day.

JAKOB ÖHRSTRÖM

VTG Rail Europe



VTG is convinced that intermodal transports are key to increasing the climate-friendly rail's share in freight transport in order to meet the EU Green Deal goal of becoming climate-neutral by 2050. Thus, the UIRR will continue to play a major role in promoting the modal shift from road to rail over the next decades.

PETER REINSHAGEN

Ermewa



The future: intelligent freight trains, integrated systems, free flowing cargo. Logistics, operations, safety and maintenance data transmitted via the DAC between all wagons and the locomotive. Optimised slots and paths. Safe and automatic train departures every 15 minutes, real time supply chain information, ERP systems all along the transit, crossing borders with different operators. Not a dream. Our industry must rise to the challenge now. The intelligent freight train, a prerequisite for modal shift, EGD and a clean future for our children.

FRANK ALBERS

Krone



Freight transport will strongly grow until 2030. Incentives are needed for investments into Road and Rail, with a European vision. A mega task is the CO₂ reduction. Trimodality, more trains and terminals are a must. Krone is a leading manufacturer of loading units, compatible with Rail. The expertise of the 50 y old UIRR is crucial: they build bridges and bring partners together. Transparency through digitalization and automation helps optimizing the processes.

BERND THIEDE

Schmitz Cargobull



Due to increasing traffic density, fuel price and toll increases, increasing driver shortage and the demand of many shippers for green logistics, combined transport in the general cargo business and the cooperation with the UIRR is becoming more and more interesting and is becoming increasingly important. At least because it helps to relieve the road congestion and reduce freight traffic.

Thoughts from MoU Peers

AURÉLIEN BARBÉ

GNTC



Intermodal Transport is the key opportunity to reach France's sustainability objectives for the next 50 years. We aim to double the activity of rail freight for 2030, especially with Rail-Road Combined Transport. We believe that UIRR will be our critical partner, across Europe, to strengthen and accelerate modal shift.

CLEMENS BOCHYNEK

SGKV



In the upcoming 50 years Combined Transport will permanently increase and will be the crucial driver for rail freight in Germany and Europe. SGKV, in cooperation with UIRR, will strongly support this growth and foster the European intermodal network! CT is the green solution!

PETER BÖSCH

Groupement Fer



Intermodal transport will be the strongest growth driver in freight transport with Switzerland over the next 50 years. The Groupement Fer promotes sustainable transport solutions. UIRR remains the most important and influential umbrella organization in our industry.

MARIUS CAE

USER



In Romania there is a great potential for CT from Constanța Harbour, Curtici Station and others. It is necessary a closer cooperation between all entities participating in CT, also national and European authorities/organizations, as UIRR. USER assumed the involvement in CT.

JONI CASEY

IANA



Looking to the future, the benefits of intermodal freight transportation will continue to be more fully realized. These include reducing highway congestion, highway maintenance, port congestion, fossil fuel consumption and CO₂ emissions while producing efficiencies, cost savings and providing additional freight capacity. The support and involvement of organizations like the UIRR are instrumental in assisting the intermodal industry in achieving its potential.

MAURO PACELLA

Assoferr



In the next 50 years we have really to reduce pollution and carbon emission. The combined transport will have a lead role in this mission. New rail infrastructures, new rolling stocks, efficient terminals and digitalization will be the instruments to win. Then the support of UIRR will be even more important.

ERICH POSSEGGER

Combinet



Intermodal transport will be the absolute key transport solution to reach the ambitious and necessary climate protection goals of both Austria and the EU. COMBINET and his member companies will work hard in close co-operation with UIRR and their members to deal with this challenge.

MAGGIE SIMPSON

RFG



Sustainable multimodal transport is key to the UK's future economic success. Over the next 50 years, low carbon rail freight will build new supply chains and meet the needs of modern consumers. Our relationship with UIRR helps RFG to promote the very best of combined transport.

The year of UIRR

UIRR is the European industry association of Combined Transport. The association binds together Combined Transport Operators, Transshipment Terminal Managers, technology producers and various associations committed to coordinate the development of intermodal freight transport in Europe. UIRR also builds bridges towards shippers, stakeholders of related transport modes and operators of different types of transport infrastructure.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

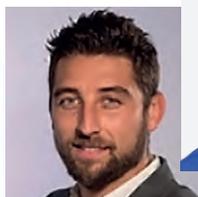
The Annual Ordinary General Assembly of UIRR on 20 May 2021 re-elected the Board of Directors of the association. The new Board of Directors will have the usual three-year mandate until May 2024.



Ben Beirnaert
Managing Director
COMBINANT



Bernhard Ebner
Intermodal Director
Rail Cargo Group



Thibault Fruitier
CEO, Novatrans/
Greenmodal



Peter Kiss
CEO
METRANS



Alexander Ochs
CEO, Kombiverkehr



Ralf-Charley Schultze
President
UIRR



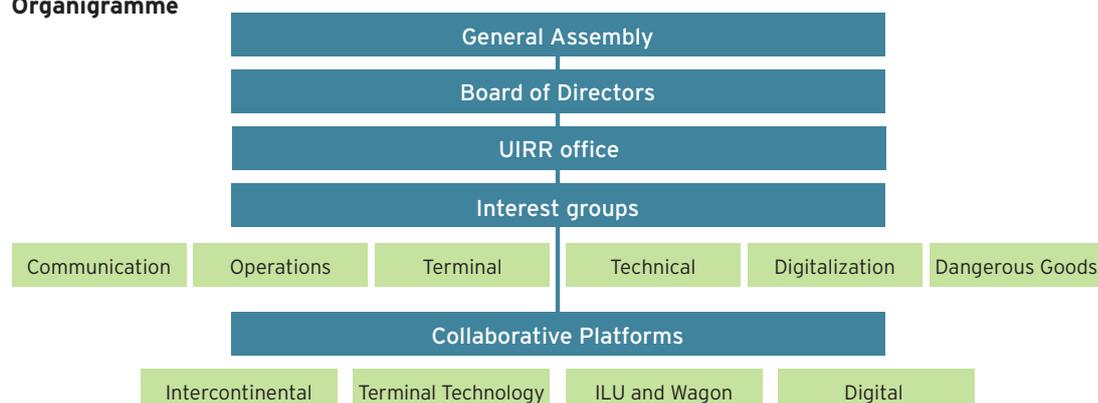
Michail Stahlhut
CEO, Hupac

THE UIRR TEAM



From left to right: Mateusz Nowak, Digital Project Officer, Ákos Érsek, Chief Policy Advisor, Ralf-Charley Schultze, President, Pekiye Biçici, Assistant to the Management, Eric Feyen, Technical Director, Mattia Liseri, Project officer

Organigramme





Screenshots from the event



Contributors from the intermodal sector



Robert Breuhahn Livio Ambrogio Erich Staake Peter Kiss Michail Stahlhut Thorsten Bieker Thibault Fruitier Clemens Först Kari-Pekka Laaksonen Zeno d'Agostino

HIGHLIGHTS OF 2020

JANUARY: 4th DSLV-VDV-UIRR-IBS Conference, MLSZKSZ CEE Logistics Conference, JNS normal procedure meeting, EP TRAN Committee on Mobility Package

FEBRUARY: EU Rail Awards, UIRR study visit to Hupac, UNECE Inland Transport WG, European Green Deal endorsement and CT is prepared for COVID statements

MARCH: Sector Statement Group meeting, ELP Conference on the European Green Deal, ETA Task Force, Statement on the European Climate Law

APRIL: COVID lockdown-related contingency interventions

MAY: UIRR Annual General Assembly and European Commission consultation; DTLF meeting, Hupac Intermodal Forum, ERA CT Working Group meeting, ERA Rail Safety Conference

JUNE: UIRR Report 2019-2020, Mobility Package voted in European Parliament and Council, CACTUS Project meeting, Q-ELETA preparatory working group, PLANET Project kick-off meeting, SERAC Rail Freight Corridor conference

JULY: COVID relief measures regulation, FENIX project meeting, TSI Revision working group, COM RU Dialogue meeting on COVID impact, Rail Forum Europe on MFF 2021-27

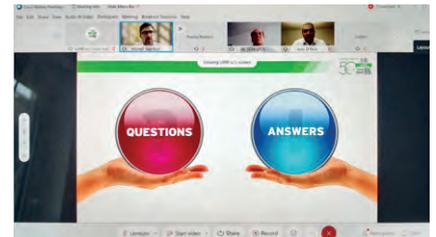
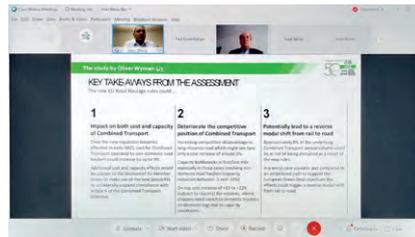
AUGUST: UIRR Nordic Intermodal Seminar, CACTUS project meeting, ICONET project meeting, PLANET Project meeting

SEPTEMBER: Berlin Declaration, TAF TSI revision working group, IBS Congress, COMBINE General Assembly, ERFA Rail Freight after Covid event, ICONET General Assembly, ERA CT working group, Q-ELETA preparatory meeting

OCTOBER: European Intermodal Summit, Rail Facilities Portal user group meeting, EU Year of Rail 2021 consultation, PLANET general assembly, DTLF working group meeting, Track Access Charging Summit, MLSZKSZ Intermodal working group, COM RU Dialogue Plenary, FENIX meeting on ILU-Register

NOVEMBER: UIC-UIRR Report on Combined Transport, RNE TTR day conference, EU Silk Road Conference, FERRMED Conference, JNS normal procedure meeting, PLANET project meeting, Punctuality conference

DECEMBER: Transport associations' Statement on the Eurovignette Directive, the Intermodal Sector's Impact Assessment Study on Mobility Package 1, Digital Train project preparatory meeting, Florence Rail Forum, Rail Freight Day Conference, FENIX General Assembly, AEROFLEX project meeting



Screenshots from the 14 January press conference

THE OLIVER WYMAN STUDY

The Mobility Package that was adopted in July contains the optional regulatory provision that allows for Member State governments to suspend compliance with Article 4 of the Combined Transport Directive (92/106/EEC), which has been a mainstay of the European intermodal sector's regulatory framework since 1975. UIRR hired the Oliver Wyman consultants to prepare an impact assessment study on the potential damages of this decision.

The study, based on deep interviews with top level decisionmakers at 25 European intermodal actors, as well as on data analysis, has been conducted in the second half of 2020.

The sobering result indicates a multitude of negative effects including

- Truck driver and trucking capacity shortage in some markets,
- A cost increase of 9-15% on door-to-door CT transport-chains,
- A reverse modal shift - back to road-only transport - of 8% of the consignments currently carried by Combined Transport, and
- A significant increase of freight transport's CO₂ emissions

The study and a related UIRR Position Paper were published at an international press conference on 14 January 2021.

UIC-UIRR STUDY ON COMBINED TRANSPORT

UIRR joined UIC to assist in the drafting of the biennial Study on the State of Combined Transport in Europe. The first such joint study found that Combined Transport performs about half of rail freight tonne-kilometres in Europe.





INTERNAL PROJECTS OF UIRR

UIRR engaged in several projects to enhance its standing, which include the development of elaborate business processes, the modernisation of its website and the member-only online communication platform of the association.

The database to produce the UIRR Loading Gauge Map - in attachment to this Report - has also been taken over. The Map will be developed into a searchable digital tool.

REPRESENTATIVITY: MEMBERS, PARTNERS AND MOU PEERS

UIRR has been reinforced by the accession of four new member in 2020:

- DUSS Terminals (of DB Netze), Germany
- Interporto Bologna, Italy
- Lanfer Terminals (of Lanfer Logistik), Germany
- Marseille Fos Terminal (of the Port of Marseille), France



MFD Rail has become the newest Partner of UIRR, while memoranda of understanding have been signed with NEE of Germany and the Croatian Chamber of Economy.

The members, partners, and MoU peers of UIRR total 78 entities from 18 countries plus the USA.



The pandemic-related disturbances accelerated UIRR's use of social media platforms, such as LinkedIn and YouTube. UIRR produced a series of social media videoclips over the year, which have helped carry the messages of Combined Transport at the times when human interaction has been limited due to the Covid restrictions.



Online videoconferences became a regularly used tool, whereby contacts with members, partners and peers, as well as the external network of the association could be upheld. UIRR also organised several online events and the European Intermodal Summit conference in 2020.

Member Company Information



ADRIA KOMBI D.O.O.

Tivolska 50
SLO - 1000 Ljubljana
Tel.: +386 1 23 45 280
Fax: +386 1 23 45 290
infor@adriakombi.si
www.adriakombi.si

Activities: UCT - RoMo - RSO - RH - ECM
Agency: SI
Total traffic: 187,000 TEU
Revenue: € 39 million



ALPE ADRIA S.P.A.

Via S. Caterina da Siena, 1
I - 34122 Trieste
Tel.: +39 040 9712 611
amministrazione@alpeadria.com
www.alpeadria.com

Activities: UCT - RoMo
Agency: IT
Total traffic: 132,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



AMBROGIO TRASPORTI S.P.A.

Via Tognasca 5
I - 21013 Gallarate
Tel.: +39 0331 707 500
Fax: +39 0331 776 366
ambrogio@ambrogiointermodal.com
www.ambrogiointermodal.com

Activities: UCT - TTM - RH - ECM
Agencies: IT - BE - FR - DE
Total traffic: 92,500 TEU
Revenue: € 77 million



BALTIC RAIL AS

Tulika 15/17
EE - 10613 Tallinn
Tel./ Fax: +372 661 3118
Booking@BalticRail.com
www.balticrail.com

Activity: UCT
Agencies: PL - SLO
Total traffic: 16,000 TEU
Revenue: € 9.6 million



BOHEMIAKOMBI, SPOL. S R.O.

Opletalova 6
CZ - 113 76 Praha 1
Tel.: +420 2 42 444 560
Fax: +420 2 42 444 924
info@bohemiakombi.cz
www.bohemiakombi.cz

Activity: UCT
Agencies: CZ - SK
Total traffic: 18,000 TEU
Revenue: € 5.4 million



CARGOBEAMER AG

Kreuzstraße 12
D - 04103 Leipzig
Tel.: +49 (0) 341 652339 - 00
Fax: +49 (0) 341 652339 - 01
www.cargobeamer.com

Activities: UCT - RSO - ECM - TTM
Agencies: DE - FR - IT - CH
Total traffic: 33,000 TEU
Revenue: € 12 million



CFL INTERMODAL S.A.

100, Z.A.E. Wolser E
L - 3437 Dudelange
Tel.: +352 4996-0001
Fax: +352 4996-0150
info@cfl-intermodal.lu
www.cfl-intermodal.lu

Activity: UCT
Agency: LU
Total traffic: 163,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



CFL TERMINALS S.A.

100, Z.A.E. Wolser E
L - 3437 Dudelange
Tel.: +352 4996 - 0001
info@cfl-terminals.lu
<https://www.cfl-mm.lu/fr-fr/organisation/cfl-multimodal/cfl-terminals>

Activities: TTM - UCT - Rail
Motorway
Agency: LU
Total traffic: 247,000 TEU
Revenue: € 16.7 million (2019)



COMBIBERIA S.A.

Rafael Herrera, 11 Pta 203
E - 28036 Madrid
Tel./Fax: +34 91 314 98 99
info@combiberia.com
www.combiberia.com

Activity: UCT
Agency: ES
Total traffic: 50,500 TEU
Revenue: € 3.2 million (2019)



COMBINANT NV

Scheldelaan 800 - haven 755
B - 2040 Antwerpen
Tel./Fax: +32 3 250 62 62
info@combinant.be
www.combinant.be

Activity: TTM
Agency: BE
Total traffic: 250,000 TEU
Revenue: € 7 million



CTE CONTAINER TERMINAL ENNS LTD.

Ennschafenstrasse 45
AT - 4470 Enns
Tel.: +43 7223 81347
customer-service@ct-enns.at
www.ct-enns.at

Activity: TTM
Agency: AT
Total traffic: 400,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



DELTA 3 SPL

7 Boulevard Louis XIV
F - 59000 Lille
Tel.: +33 3 281 690 70
delta@delta-3.com
www.delta-3.com

Activities: UCT - TTM - ECM
Agency: FR
Total traffic: 355,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



DUSS GMBH

Am Kümmerling 24
D - 55294 Bodenheim
Tel.: +49 6135 81 91 - 0
duss-zentrale@deutschebahn.com
<https://www1.deutschebahn.com/ecm2-duss>

Activities: TTM - RoMo
Agency: DE
Total traffic: 3 million TEU
Revenue: € 71 million



As Germany's main operator of hinterland terminals, DUSS is happy to join UIRR as the leading European sector association for combined transport. It is important that terminal managers and operators pull together to fully realise synergies from digitalisation and thus make combined transport competitive in the long term. UIRR is the perfect place in this regard to jointly discuss political, strategical and operational issues.

Hans Pieper & Andreas Schulz,
CEOs



EAST-WEST INTERMODALIS LOGISZTIKAI ZRT.

Robert Karoly avenue 59
H - 1134 Budapest
Tel.: +36 1 431 0221
info@eastwestil.com
<https://eastwestil.com/en>

Activity: TTM
Agency: HU
Total traffic: n/a
Revenue: n/a



FELB LTD.

Rivergate Handelskai 92 Gate 2/3.
OG/TOP G
A - 1200 Vienna
Tel.: +43 (1) 890 63 39 0
Fax: +43 (1) 890 63 39 63
sales@felb.world
www.felb.world

Activity: UCT
Agencies: DE - PL
Total traffic: 86,320 TEU
Revenue: n/a



GRAND PORT MARITIME DE MARSEILLE - GPM

23, place de la Joliette
F - CS 81965 - 13226 Marseille
Cedex 02
Tel.: +33 4 91 39 40 00
ecoute.clients@marseille-port.fr
<https://www.marseille-port.fr>

Activity: maritime port
Agency: FR
Total traffic: 69 million tons
Revenue: n/a



The port of Marseille Fos joins UIRR Association!

The port of Marseille Fos offers a complete inland multimodal network and worldwide maritime shipping lines to serve Euro-Mediterranean markets. Its ambition: address environmental issues and develop the rail modal share that represents today in Marseille Fos 15% of the transport of containerized goods.



GYSEV CARGO ZRT.

Mátyás király utca 19.
H - 9400 Sopron
Tel.: +36 99 577 206
Fax: +36 99 577 401
info@gysevcargo.hu
www.gysevcargo.hu

Activities: RU - TTM - UCT - RSO - RH
Agency: HU
Total traffic: 166,000 TEU
Revenue: € 4,5 million



HUPAC GROUP

Viale R. Manzoni 6
CH - 6830 Chiasso
Tel.: +41 588558000
Fax: +41 588558001
info@hupac.com
www.hupac.com

Activities: UCT - TTM - RSO - ECM - RU - CA
Agencies: BE - CH - DE - IT - RO - PL - NL - RU
Total traffic: 1,6 million TEU
Revenue: € 502 million



HUPAC INTERMODAL NV

Albert Plesmanweg 107C
3088 GC Rotterdam
Tel.: +31 10 495 25 22
Fax: +31 10 4950915
info.nl@hupac.com
www.hupac.nl

Activity: UCT
Agency: NL
Total traffic: 250,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



INTERPORTO BOLOGNA SPA

Via Santa Maria in Duno
IT - 40010 Bentivoglio (BO)
Tel.: + 39 051 291 3011
Fax: +39 051 221 505
info@bo.interporto.it
<https://www.interporto.it>

Activity: UCT
Agency: IT
Total traffic: 127,054 TEU
Revenue: n/a



In becoming a member of UIRR Interporto Bologna SpA expect an exchange of knowledge and experiences in the world of intermodal terminals and railway transport, having an eye on international intermodal business and bringing our experiences and know how as terminal and intermodal operator within the association. Thanks to UIRR and its partners, we are sure we will enlarge collaboration with other operators, being constantly updated on the main developments and news from the rail and intermodal sector, as well as on European policies and the related funding opportunities, which we hope will bring to new innovation opportunities to be studied or developed together with UIRR and its members.

Mr Sergio Crespi, Managing Director



JOHN G RUSSELL LTD.

Deanside Road, Hillington,
Glasgow. G52 4XB UK
Tel./Fax: +44 141 810 8200
sales@johngrussell.co.uk
www.johngrussell.co.uk

Activities: UCT - TTM - RH
Agency: UK
Total traffic: 75,000 TEU
Revenue: £69 million



KOMBIVERKEHR GMBH & CO. KG

Zum Laurenburger Hof 76
D - 60594 Frankfurt
Tel./Fax: +49 69 79 50 50
info@kombiverkehr.de
www.kombiverkehr.de

Activities: UCT - TTM - RSO -
ECM - RU
Agencies: CZ - DE - ES - IT - NL -
SE
Total traffic: 1,3 million TEU
Revenue: € 411.3 million (2019)



KOMBI-TERMINAL LUDWIGSHAFEN GMBH - KTL

Am Hansenbusch 11,
D - 67069 Ludwigshafen/Rhein
Tel./Fax: +49 621 659 13 0
info@kti-lu.de
www.kti-lu.de

Activity: UCT
Agency: DE
Total traffic: 703,000 TEU
Revenue: € 25 million



LANFER LOGISTIK GMBH

Dieselstraße 10
D - 49716 Meppen
Tel.: +49 5931 8002-0
info@lanfer-logistik.com
http://www.lanfer-logistik.com

Activity: TTM
Agencies: DE - BE - IT - ES
Total traffic: 35.000 Transport
Orders Intermodal (100.000 in
total)
Revenue: € 200 million

Lanfer Logistik sees excellent possibilities in the rail business and we are planning a strong growth in this sector with our company. For this reason we are building and investing in container terminals right now. We offer extensive experience in the European rail and road transport, best contacts in the German rail market and related political networks and practical experiences in the development of rail transports and terminal structures. Furthermore we are interested in the political development of the rail industry in Europe. We hope to have a rich share of knowledge with the UIRR and its members and we are happy to be a new member of the network.

Hermann Lanfer,
CEO



LINEAS INTERMODAL NV

4 Roderveldlaan
B - 2600 Berchem
Tel.: +32 3 270 27 00
Fax: +32 3 226 26 26
sales.im@lineas.net
www.lineasintermodal.net

Activities: UCT - TTM - ECM - CA -
RH - RSO
Agencies: BE - NL - FR - DE - IT -
ES
Total traffic: 550,447 TEU
Revenue: € 113 million



LUGO TERMINAL S.P.A.

Via della Dogana 5
I - 48022 Lugo (RA)
Tel.: +39 0545 216411
Fax: +39 0545 210987
info@lugoterminal.com
www.lugoterminal.com

Activities: TTM - UCT
Agency: IT
Total traffic: 53,000 TEU
Revenue: € 17 million



MERCITALIA INTERMODAL S.P.A.

Via Valtellina 5-7
I - 20159 Milano
Tel.: +39 02 668 951
Fax: +39 02 668 00 755
www.mercitaliaintermodal.it

Activities: UCT - RSO - ECM
Agency: IT
Total traffic: 703,000 TEU
Revenue: € 195,7 million



METRANS A.S.

Podleska 926/5
CZ - 104 00 Praha 10
Tel.: +420 267 293 111
info@metrans.eu
www.metrans.eu

Activities: UCT - TTM - RSO -
ECM - RU - CA - RH
Agencies: CZ - SK - PL - HU - AT -
SI - IT - NL - DE
Total traffic: 1,2 Mio TEU
Revenue: € 450 million



NAVILAND CARGO SAS

26 Quai Charles Pasqua CS 10095
F - 92309 Levallois Perret Cedex
Tel.: +33 1 41 05 33 01
Fax: +33 1 40 87 08 20
contact@naviland-cargo.com
www.naviland-cargo.com

Activities: UCT - TTM - RSO - RU
Agency: FR
Total traffic: 366,000 TEU
Revenue: € 120 million



NOVATRANS

10 rue Vandrezanne - CS 91397
F - 75634 Paris Cedex 13
Tel.: +33 1 85 34 49 00
www.novatrans.eu

Activities: UCT - TTM - RSO -
ECM - RH
Agencies: FR - IT
Total traffic: 310,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



ÖBB-INFRA AG - TSA

Praterstern 3
A - 1020 Wien
vertrieb.tsa@oebb.at
infrastruktur.oebb.at

Activity: TTM
Agency: AT
Total traffic: 1,5 million TEU
Revenue: n/a



PIMK RAIL EAD

36 Rogoshko Shose St
BG - 4003 Plovdiv
Tel.: +359 32 901 102
office@pimkrail.eu
www.pimk.eu/en

Activities: TTM - UCT
Agency: BG
Total traffic: 50,000 TEU
Revenue: € 8,9 million

GLOSSARY

ACTIVITIES:

UCT: Unaccompanied Combined Transport
RoMo: Rolling Motorway
TTM: Transshipment Terminal Management

RSO: Rolling Stock Operator (owner /
lessee)
ECM: Entity in Charge of Maintenance

RU: Railway Undertaking
CA: Customs Agent
RH: Road Haulage



RAIL CARGO OPERATOR

Žerotínova 1132/34
CZ - 130 00 Praha 3
Tel.: +420 220 193 200
intermodal@railcargo.com
www.railcargo.com

Activities: UCT - TTM - RoMo - RSO - CA
Agencies: CZ - AUT - SK - HU
Total traffic: 1,25 million TEU
Revenue: € 285.602.721,00



RAIL CARGO TERMINAL - BILK ZRT.

Europa utca 4.
H - 1239 Budapest
Tel./Fax: +361 2896000
info.rct.bilk@railcargo.com

Activity: TTO
Agency: HU
Total traffic: 196,000 TEU
Revenue: € 8.06 million (2019)



RAILPORT ARAD SRL

P.O. Box 10.
RO 315200 - Curtici FN
Tel.: +40 357 100 189
Fax: +40 357 100 190
office@railportarad.ro
www.railportarad.ro

Activity: TTM
Agency: RO
Total traffic: 175,000 TEU
Revenue: € 2.5 million



RALPIN AG

Römerstrasse 3
CH - 4601 Olten
Tel.: +41 58 822 88 88
office@ralpin.com
www.ralpin.com

Activities: RoMo - ECM
Agencies: CH - DE - IT
Total traffic: 112,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



ROCOMBI SA

Bldv. Dinicu Golescu 38
RO - 010873 Bucharest
Tel.: +40 21 312 23 14
info@rocombi.ro
www.rocombi.ro

Activities: TTM - UCT
Agency: RO
Total traffic: 12,000 TEU (2019)
Revenue: € 1.5 million (2019)



SAMSKIP MULTIMODAL B.V.

Waalhaven O.Z. 81
NL - 3087 BM Rotterdam
Tel.: +31 88 400 1000
rotterdam@samskip.com
www.samskip.com

Activities: UCT - TTM - RH
Agency: n/a
Total traffic: 100,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



SINDOS RAILCONTAINER SERVICES - SRS S.A

Industrial Area of Thessaloniki
GR - 570 22 Sindos, P.O. Box 1099
Tel.: +30 2310576991
Fax: +30 2310576997
Antonia.Giannakopoulou@srs-sa.gr
<http://srs-sa.com>

Activity: TTM
Agency: GR
Total traffic: n/a
Revenue: n/a



T3M

11 rue Maryse Bastié - ZI de la Lauze
F - 34430 St Jean de Vedas
Tel.: +33 4 67 27 18 51
info@t3m.fr
www.t3m.fr

Activities: UCT - TTM - RH - RSO
Agencies: FR - IT
Total traffic: 198,000 TEU
Revenue: € 50 million (2019)



TERMINAL CONTAINER ATHUS - TCA SA

Rue du Terminal 13
B - 6791 Athus
Tel.: +32 63 38 00 20
Fax: +32 63 37 01 92
infotca@tca.be
www.tca.be

Activities: UCT - RSO - CA - RH - TTM
Agencies: BE - FR - LU - NL - DE
Total traffic: 104,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



TERMINALI ITALIA S.R.L.

Piazza della Croce Rossa 1
IT - 00161 Roma
Tel.: +39335263220
info@terminaliitalia.it
www.terminaliitalia.it

Activity: TTM
Agency: IT
Total traffic: 1,43 million TEU
Revenue: € 32 Million



VIIA

Espace Seine,
26 quai Charles Pasqua
FR - 92300 Levallois-Perret
Tel.: +33 1 56 76 75 77
www.viia.com

Activity: RoMo
Agencies: FR - ES - IT - LU
Total traffic: 172,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a



WIENCONT CONTAINER TERMINAL GMBH

Freudenauer Hafenstrasse 8-10
A - 1020 Vienna
Tel.: +43 1 727 72-0
office@wiencont.com

Activity: UCT
Agency: AT
Total traffic: 500,000 TEU
Revenue: n/a

GLOSSARY

COUNTRIES:

AM (=Albania), AT, AZ (=Azerbaijan), BE, BG, BiH (=Bosnia), BZ (=Belarus), CH, CZ, DK, DE, EE, EL, ES, FI, FR, GE (=Georgia), HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, ME (=Montenegro), NL, PL, PRC (=China), PT, RO, RS (=Serbia), RU (=Russia), SI, SK, SE, TR, UK

UIRR CONSIGNMENT:

Corresponds to the transport capacity of one tractor-trailer combination on the road (equivalent to 2.0 EVP/TEU). A TEU (twenty-foot equivalent) is a unit of measurement corresponding to an ISO container of 20 feet in length (6.10m), used to express traffic capacities or flows, principally in the maritime transport sector.

Partners of UIRR

COMBIPASS



COMBIPASS is professional in the rental of intermodal loading units and mobile storage equipment. With more than 25 years of experience, COMBIPASS provides intermodal transporters and producers with a selection of quality equipment which meet constantly evolving demands and the latest norms whether for ADR, road, rail, barge or maritime transport.

DEN HARTOGH



DEN HARTOGH LOGISTICS is one of the leading **Logistics Service Providers to convey safely bulk liquids and gases** for the chemical industry. The company preferably develops smart logistics solutions based on intermodal routings with inland and railway journeys.

ERMEWA



ERMEWA is a European leader in **rail wagon leasing** with the aim of ensuring the success of a rail-based supply chain. The company offers a fleet of over 45,000 railcars, which includes a high number of specialised equipment for Combined Transport, to freight forwarders, CT Operators, railways and industrial companies.

EQUIMODAL



Founded in 1992, **Equimodal** began its activity as a manufacturer of transport containers offering customization in design and small series, mainly intended for intermodal traffic. The difference in width of the European pallet with respect to the ISO pallet maintained a market that due to its size was not especially interesting for large manufacturers until the early 2000s.

GATX RAIL EUROPE



GATX Rail Europe operates a fleet of more than 23,200 tank and freight wagons in Europe. The company is present in the most important railway markets in Europe. We do not follow market developments - we want always to be one step ahead.

GATX operates two own plants for maintenance and construction of new freight wagons.

HACON



HACON provides cutting-edge **software solutions for public transportation, mobility and logistics**. The consulting department assists its customers with projects in rail freight transport and Combined Transport in particular.

KRONE



KRONE is a leading global **manufacturer of commercial road equipment** for all types of goods. It is also specialised in the design of compatible loading units for the railway systems such as craneable semi-trailers for pocket wagons used in Combined Transport.

LIS



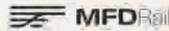
LIS AG is a leading company in **Transport-Management-Software for logistics, forwarding agencies and shipping**. The proposed solutions integrate all intermodal capabilities, especially all data and interfaces needed to improve the visibility of the railway system.

LOHR INDUSTRIE



LOHR is a private French group specialised in the **design, manufacturing and marketing of goods transport systems**, in particular the Modalohr railway freight solution for the transportation of standard semi-trailers on wagons.

MFD RAIL



We are intermodal specialists, with a modern, available wagon fleet, one of the best capitalized start-ups in the sector. Building business from scratch, we provide support, availability, advice and a tailor-made, cost-efficient service to our customers. As European "intermodal specialist dealer", partner of your choice, we focus on procurement, rental, maintenance of intermodal wagons. The goal: being a leading provider of intermodal wagons in Europe through targeted growth. We are "fresh blood", no outdated structures. All resources, processes and systems are intermodal-focused.

MODALIS



MODALIS is known as a major actor in **rental, trading and consulting in the intermodal sector**. It is a specialized company in intermodal equipment rental such as loading units (containers for general cargo, gas and liquid tanks, dry bulk containers and chassis) and railway cars.

RAILWATCH



RailWatch is a German company specialised in providing solutions for the predictive maintenance of freight wagons using advanced sensor technology.

RailWatch also designs and installs photogates at intermodal terminals.

SCHMITZ-CARGOBULL



SCHMITZ-CARGOBULL AG manufactures trailers and semi-trailers for commercial road vehicles. The Company offers an extensive range of equipment for all types of cargo and for all types of forwarding systems, in particular the design of intermodal loading units such as craneable trailers compatible with rail wagons.

UNIT45



UNIT45 concentrates its activities on the **development, construction, financing and delivery of 45-foot containers** meeting the specific requirements of the client. The 45-foot container concept is considered to be the most efficient solution in European intermodal logistics.

VTG RAIL EUROPE



VTG is the largest private **wagon leasing company** in Europe with 80,000 freight wagons made up of about 1,000 different wagon-types. A large portion of the VTG fleet are intermodal wagons designed for the transport of containers, swap bodies and craneable semi-trailers.

WECON



WECON is a specialist in **commercial vehicles and container technology for the transportation of goods by road and rail**. The company is one of the leading manufacturers of swap bodies and trailers for intermodal transport.

WIELTON



Wielton S.A. is one of the top three manufacturers of semi-trailers, trailers and car bodies in Europe and is among the top ten manufacturers in the industry. The Group has been developing its own technological ideas for years, optimising the production process, introducing technical innovations. In late 2016, Wielton also established a subsidiary in Côte d'Ivoire.

MoU Peers




ASSOFERR

ASSOFERR is the result of the merger of the two Associations ASSOCARRI and SUNFER on 27 November 2000, which until then represented the interests of the operators in the "private railway wagons" sector. Since 2002 ASSOFERR has also collected the inheritance of ASSOCOMBI.




ASSOLOGISTICA

Founded in 1947, **Assologistica** is the association of logistics companies, general warehouses and refrigerators, port terminal operators, intermodal terminals and airports in Italy. With the establishment of its territorial representatives and with the meeting between the logistics infrastructure managers and the third-party contractors who use them, Assologistica guarantees a 360° logistic integration.




BIC

The Bureau of International des Containers (**BIC**) was founded in 1933 as a neutral, non-profit, international organization whose mission is to promote the safe, secure and sustainable expansion of containerization and intermodal transportation. With a mission to promote the safe, secure and sustainable expansion of intermodal transportation, BIC enables professional dialogue amongst its members, standards bodies, governments and other industry organizations.




COMBINET

CombiNet was founded in 2007 by more than 30 companies from all sectors of combined transport in Austria: freight forwarders, freight forwarders, CT operators, terminals, ports, railway companies, manufacturers of handling equipment and equipment. The association's mission is to represent the interests of combined transport, strengthen networking between members, provide information to the media and the public and improve the conditions for CT.




ECTA

ECTA, the European Chemical Transport Association, speaks for the chemical transport industry to all its stakeholders and organises the Responsible Care Initiative for the European land transport industry. The association provides the chemical transport industry - including several intermodal shippers - with a voice at the EU level.




GNTC

Groupement National des Transport Combinés, **GNTC**, is the professional organization of Combined Transport stakeholders exploiting the technique of combined rail-road, river-road transport by swap bodies, containers and semi-trailers in France. The objectives of the GNTC are to defend the interests of its members and promote combined transport with the European Community, public authorities (both at national and regional level), transport, shippers and the general public.




GROUPEMENT FER

Groupement Fer brings together Swiss freight forwarding and logistics companies with the common goal to handle the transport of goods between the North Sea and Mediterranean ports and Switzerland, as much as possible, by using the environmentally friendly railway mode which includes Combined Transport in particular.




HGK/CCE

The Croatian Chamber of Economy (CCE) acts on behalf of CCE's Affiliation for Intermodal Transport and Logistics, Group for intermodal cargo. Cooperation between CT and logistics actors to promote and develop CT. Based on social and economic interests, CCE proposes to State Authorities incentive measures/regulations to develop CT and solutions for CT operations, tariffs, legal regulators, transport cost methodologies. Cooperation with educational and scientific institutions, national and international organisations to improve CT.




IANA

The Intermodal Association of North America, **IANA**, is the only organization that represents the combined interests of the intermodal freight transportation industry in North America. IANA promotes the benefits of intermodal freight transportation and educates industry stakeholders, provides a neutral forum for discussion and positively influences the legislative and regulatory environment.




IBS

The International Rail Freight Business Association (IBS) aims to create framework conditions that will promote the position of companies interested in rail freight, including Combined Transport, and to improve the competitive conditions of rail freight in Europe. Promoting and improving the capacity of railways, standardization and simplification of its legal and business foundations, bundling of users of European rail freight traffic.




KNV

KNV, The Royal Dutch Transport Federation (Koninklijk Nederlands Vervoer) is the Dutch umbrella organization for professional passenger transport and rail freight in the Netherlands. KNV Rail Freight Transport promotes the use of more rail freight, including Combined Transport, in order to make Dutch transport and logistics more sustainable and safe.




MLSZKSZ

The Association of Hungarian Logistics Service Centres (**MLSZKSZ**) is one of the most significant associations of logistics and transport in Hungary, connecting almost 90% of the logistics service centres in the country. As opposed to other organisations which only deal with certain segments of logistics, MLSZKSZ is the only association in Hungary that represents all aspects of the service chain, including numerous intermodal stakeholders.




NEE

Netzwerk Europäischer Eisenbahnen e.V. - NEE - is the industry association of private railway companies, initiating and fostering cooperation and exchange of information and experiences between members, to further develop the prerequisites for fair competition and to support or initiate non-discriminatory regulations in the areas of infrastructure, energy supply, vehicles, international transport and regulations.




RFG

RFG is the representative body for rail freight in the UK. Membership includes rail freight operators, logistics companies, ports, equipment suppliers, property developers and support services, as well as retailers, construction companies and other customers, who share the mission to increase the volume of goods moved by rail.




SGKV

Since 1928 the Studiengesellschaft für den Kombinierten Verkehr e.V. (**SGKV**) roughly translated as German Promotion Centre for Intermodal Transport, is active on behalf of the interests of intermodal transport chains. The association aims at strengthening and to developing Combined Transport further through bringing together research and practice.




UIC

UIC is the worldwide professional association representing the railway sector and promoting rail transport. Europe features prominently among the six regions of UIC. Several working groups address technical, standardisation, operational, Combined Transport and corridor topics. There has historically been a collaboration between UIC and UIRR, which gained a new impetus by the signing of a formal Memorandum of Understanding between the two associations.




USER

USER is a professional organization founded in 1993 that brings together companies with activities covering all modes of transport and related services, including logistics operators and customs brokers. The objectives are to safeguard the economic, financial and technical aspects of their member companies to promote cooperation between its members, between the same profile or similar associations in the country and abroad, building and strengthening the solid reputation of industry shipments.



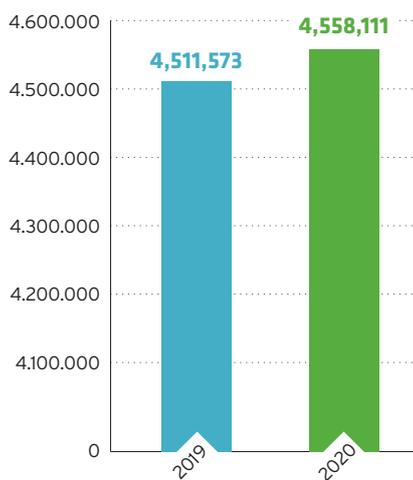
STATISTICS 2020

The total number of consignments transported by UIRR operator members increased by +1.02%, whereas output, when expressed in tonne-kilometres, reached +6,77% - a surprisingly strong performance in an otherwise challenging year for every economic actor in the World. The result is a vast outperformance of the overall performance of the European economy, and reflects the superior quality that was possible on rail in the absence of passenger trains. Domestic unaccompanied Combined Transport grew considerably (+2,44%), while 0,45% more units were carried on border crossing relations. Semi-trailers were the most popular loading unit (+3.45%), while the sharp decline of full trucks (RoLa) continued partly due to the pandemic-related restrictions (-16,17%). The tonne-kilometre growth was attributable to both a longer average rail distance of 921km, up by 4,22% from the previous year, as well as a heavier load per consignment. With this performance, Combined Transport remains the engine of European rail freight, by steadily shifting cargo previously transported only on road to rail for the longest segment of its journey.

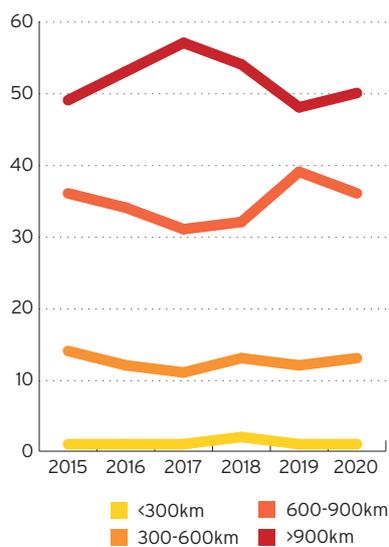
2020 OVERVIEW

	Cross-border			Domestic			Total		
	2019	2020	2020/ 2019	2019	2020	2020/ 2019	2019	2020	2020/ 2019
Number of consignments	3,196,916	3,211,418	0.45%	1,314,657	1,346,694	2.44%	4,511,573	4,558,111	1.02%
containers	2,493,295	2,539,252	1.84%	1,102,316	1,115,020	1.15%	3,595,611	3,654,271	1.61%
(craneable) semi-trailers	563,112	572,145	1.60%	96,630	111,137	15.01%	659,742	683,282	3.45%
complete trucks (RoLa)	140,509	100,021	-28.82%	115,711	120,537	4.17%	256,220	220,558	-16.17%
Average distance	1,048	1,091	4.08%	434	496	14.09%	882	921	4.22%
Billion tkm	72.37	75.83	4.79%	11.17	13.77	23.24%	83.54	89.60	6.77%
Number of TEU	6,393,832	6,422,835	0.45%	2,629,314	2,693,387	2.44%	9,023,146	9,116,222	1.02%

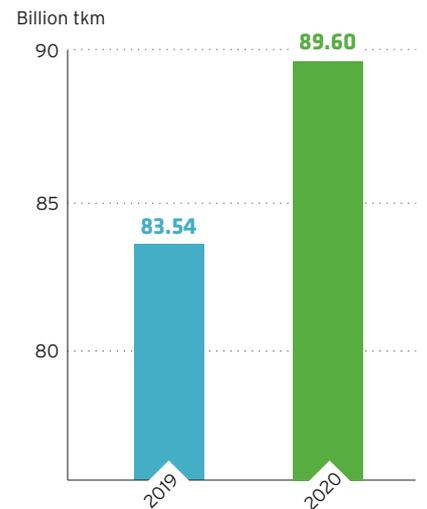
CONSIGNMENTS 2019-2020



DISTANCE MATRIX



TONNE-KILOMETRES 2019-2020



Evolution of Combined Transport Traffic

1990 - 2020

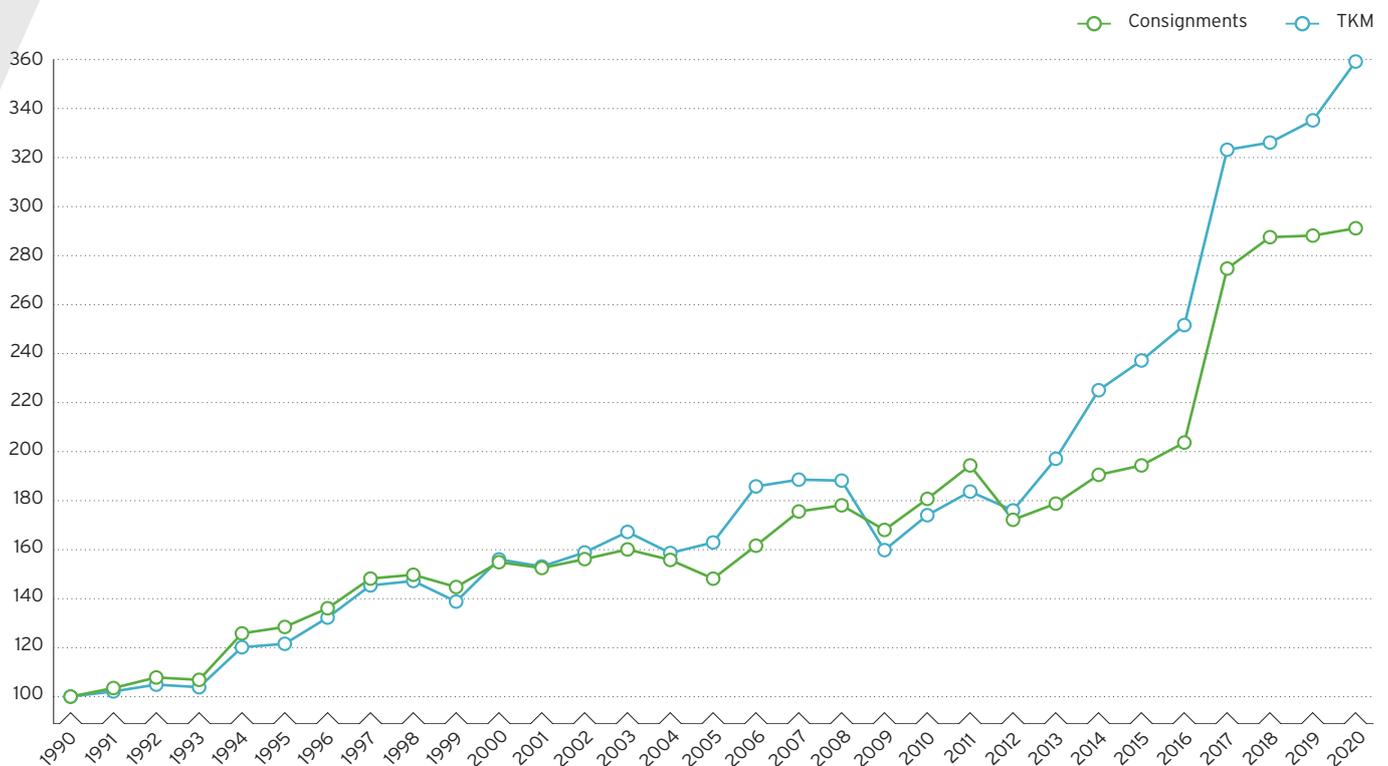
COMBINED TRANSPORT									
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Number of consignments	1,183,361	1,615,364	1,967,072	2,457,579	2,717,751	2,952,543	2,994,625	2,818,349	3,030,865
swap bodies and containers	727,275	1,078,979	1,334,377	1,977,630	2,135,976	2,341,690	2,318,990	2,182,569	2,281,746
(craneable) semi-trailers	241,816	224,029	172,275	164,269	199,800	220,970	246,690	219,800	300,867
complete trucks (RoLa)	214,270	312,356	460,420	315,680	381,975	389,883	428,945	415,980	448,252
Total billion tkm	18.68	24.97	35.18	38.84	45.39	46.07	45.97	38.90	42.37
< 300 km	1%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	5%
300 km - 600 km	35%	37%	28%	11%	12%	15%	17%	16%	16%
600 km - 900 km	33%	19%	43%	52%	41%	41%	35%	36%	42%
> 900 km	31%	42%	27%	34%	44%	41%	45%	44%	37%

⁽¹⁾ From 2012 to 2016 figures excluding traffic from RoLa operators | ⁽²⁾ From 2013 figures including traffic of new members TEL and FELB

⁽³⁾ from 2015 figures including RCO CZ | ⁽⁴⁾ from 2017 figures including RCO (full), Metrans, Lugo, Amber Rail and Baltic Rail

UIRR CT Growth Index

CONSIGNMENTS AND TONNE-KILOMETRES (REFERENCE YEAR: 1990 = 100)



The **UIRR CT Growth Index (Consignments and Tonne-Kilometres)** is a time series of year-on-year growth rates of the number of consignments transported and the tonne-kilometres realised by UIRR members over the years, which has been neutralised of membership effects (of companies joining or leaving the association); hence the growth rate of only those members were taken into account in one year that were able to provide data for the previous year as well. It is assumed that prevailing UIRR membership in any year since 1990 has been representative of the trends of the entire European CT sector.

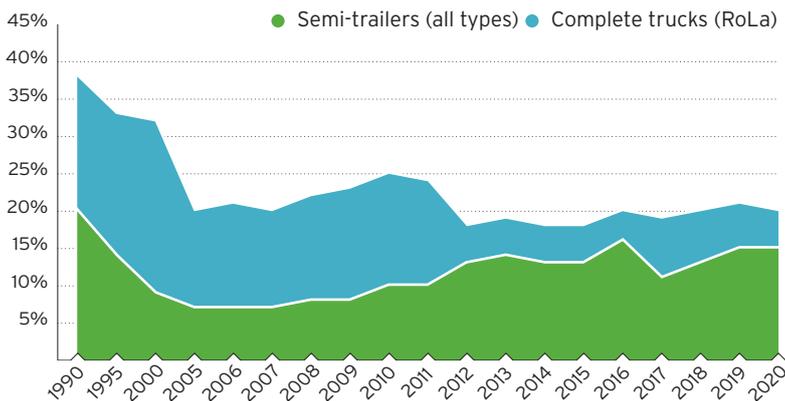
	2011	2012 ⁽¹⁾	2013 ⁽²⁾	2014 ⁽³⁾	2015 ⁽³⁾	2016 ⁽⁴⁾	2017 ⁽⁵⁾	2018	2019	2020	% 20/19
	3,075,808	2,529,264	2,645,950	2,819,606	2,876,585	3,014,344	4,085,455	4,594,753	4,511,573	4,558,111	1.02%
	2,330,918	2,067,488	2,134,004	2,302,831	2,348,762	2,409,070	3,322,172	3,715,009	3,595,611	3,654,271	1.61%
	318,567	333,597	375,432	362,654	382,250	470,535	446,279	675,532	659,742	683,282	3.45%
	426,323	128,179*	136,514	154,121	145,573	134,739	317,004	256,220	256,220	220,558	-16.17%
	42.58	39.08	40.74	52.17	54.98	58.32	75.12	83.63	83.54	89.60	6.77%
	7%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	=
	12%	12%	21%	17%	14%	12%	11%	13%	12%	13%	↑
	44%	47%	39%	36%	36%	34%	31%	32%	39%	36%	↓
	37%	38%	38%	45%	49%	53%	57%	54%	48%	50%	↑

⁽⁵⁾ from 2018 figures including CargoBeamer and VIIA

Evolution

OF THE RUBBER-WHEELED EQUIPMENT SEGMENT IN ROAD-RAIL CT (1990-2020)

Rubber wheeled equipment – complete trucks and semi-trailers – are an important means of entry to the use of Combined Transport. Since 1990, when rubber-wheeled equipment accounted for about 40% of the transport volume, their proportion has declined to 20%, with full trucks being increasingly replaced by semi-trailers.



Noteworthy relations in 2020

Relations	in %	in consignments
CZ-PL	+75%	+13,000
GR-SK	+57%	+14,000
IT-LU	+49%	+19,000
DE-SE	+45%	+48,000
HR-HU	+34%	+5,000
IT-NL	+19%	+30,000
CZ-DE	+25%	+19,000
DE-NL	+16%	+18,000
BE-FR	+9%	+6,000
DE-SI	-44%	-8,000
CH-DE	-27%	-11,000
AT-DE	-24%	-18,000
AT-IT	-14%	-7,000
DE-IT	-4%	-30,000

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

A UIRR consignment corresponds to the transport capacity of one full size truck on road (equivalent to 2 TEU), meaning:

- one semi-trailer;
- two swap bodies less than 8.30 m and under 16t;
- one swap body more than 8.30 m or over 16t;
- one vehicle on the Rolling Motorway (RoLa).

The UIRR statistics include only the rail section of the Road-Rail Combined Transport chain (terminal to terminal).

Abbreviations

- C** consignments
- CT** Combined Transport
- RoLa** rolling motorway
- SB** swap body
- ST** semi-trailer
- t** tonnes
- TEU** twenty-foot equivalent unit
- tkm** tonne-kilometre

Country Matrix (excluding pre- and post haulage by road)

Relations		Consignments C	Consignments-km S*km	Average Distance	Average Weight t/c	Gross Weight t	Tonne-km 1,000 tkm	Techniques, % consignments			
from	to							ST	SB/CT	SB/CT	RoMo
Country								<8,30m	>8,30m		
AT	BE	2,534	2,651,821	1,046	20	49,683	52,246			28%	72%
BE	AT	2,925	2,731,386	934	26	75,494	69,652			26%	74%
AT	BY	4	2,636	659	21	85	56			26%	74%
AT	CH	37	21,460	580	15	555	322			50%	50%
CH	AT	37	21,170	580	15	548	318			50%	50%
AT	CN	625	5,750,000	9,200	15	9,375	86,250			50%	50%
CN	AT	2,156	19,830,600	9,200	15	32,333	297,459			50%	50%
DE	BE	38,315	32,624,248	851	19	731,054	639,870	9%		41%	59%
DE	AT	38,297	32,281,381	843	21	791,730	685,658	9%		42%	49%
AT	HU	8,168	6,643,966	813	19	153,340	142,985			47%	53%
HU	AT	10,622	7,339,468	691	16	167,776	138,553			48%	52%
AT	IT	28,945	11,741,820	406	23	665,331	274,542	15%		24%	37%
IT	AT	23,947	10,110,086	422	23	541,265	229,409	18%		19%	44%
NL	NL	8,696	9,299,750	1,069	16	143,034	155,992			44%	56%
AT	RU	9,959	10,343,677	1,935	17	168,055	176,447			46%	54%
AT	SI	79	149,150	1,900	15	1,178	2,237			50%	50%
AT	SI	20,258	7,277,033	359	26	529,777	187,873			13%	56%
SI	AT	16,648	5,606,766	337	26	432,808	146,289			9%	69%
AT	TR	2,035	3,069,851	1,509	24	48,367	72,462	1%		20%	79%
TR	AT	2,374	3,782,188	1,593	29	69,106	112,231			11%	88%
BE	BE	92	220,064	2,392	29	2,642	6,320			7	100%
BG	BE	2	5,028	2,514	7	15	38			100%	0%
BE	BY	9	11,889	1,321	19	173	228			62%	38%
BY	BE	49	49,320	1,007	12	572	576			96%	4%
BE	CH	12,900	9,324,376	723	22	282,908	203,945			59%	41%
CH	BE	13,817	9,636,030	697	14	194,592	136,101			56%	44%
BE	CZ	665	647,009	974	14	9,420	9,172			77%	23%
CZ	BE	289	281,486	974	30	8,682	8,457			96%	4%
BE	DE	18,671	10,859,467	581	24	448,204	260,860			58%	42%
BE	DE	19,850	13,526,448	681	19	341,055	230,121			41%	59%
BE	ES	14,542	21,776,707	1,498	28	402,504	602,744			61%	39%
ES	BE	12,096	19,320,847	1,597	21	255,929	411,150			57%	43%
BE	FR	34,510	23,867,600	692	20	691,384	510,947			40%	60%
FR	BE	30,889	23,048,313	746	21	633,664	481,538			32%	68%
BE	HU	309	410,424	1,328	25	7,624	10,126			100%	0%
HU	BE	25	42,660	1,706	12	309	527			71%	29%
IT	IT	131,431	146,215,495	1,112	26	3,352,582	3,729,510	13%		20%	67%
IT	BE	117,288	136,640,737	1,165	23	2,639,785	3,065,050	12%		16%	72%
BE	LU	17,181	5,574,474	324	22	371,205	120,134	2%		52%	46%
LU	BE	13,008	4,250,346	327	18	231,791	77,311	2%		33%	65%
BE	NL	3,131	350,499	112	11	34,384	3,586			85%	15%
NL	BE	4,380	454,741	104	25	107,699	11,248			75%	25%
BE	PL	4,391	5,361,830	1,221	21	117,766	143,820			62%	38%
BE	PL	3,216	3,941,838	1,211	17	114,717	139,818			65%	35%
BE	RO	15,034	25,079,480	1,668	22	334,845	558,298	15%		12%	73%
RO	BE	13,670	22,861,399	1,672	20	271,671	452,329	16%		4%	80%
BE	RS	37	26,122	706	7	266	188			100%	0%
BE	RU	529	1,859,964	3,516	27	14,024	49,308			62%	38%
RU	BE	276	960,283	3,479	14	3,959	13,773			99%	1%
BE	SE	1,591	1,519,405	955	26	42,088	40,194			54%	46%
SE	BE	1,790	1,708,978	935	10	18,319	17,495			31%	69%
BE	TR	50	120,050	2,401	25	1,225	2,442			100%	0%
TR	BE	42	89,634	2,160	16	679	1,467			16%	84%
BG	AT	1	2,514	2,514	7	7	18			100%	0%
BG	DE	148	367,885	2,494	8	1,148	2,863			100%	0%
DE	BG	208	421,408	2,026	28	5,842	11,836			34%	66%
BG	NL	48	69,978	2,499	8	210	525			100%	0%
BG	PL	26	123,004	2,674	26	1,182	3,162			67%	33%
BY	DE	19	20,504	1,079	8	147	158			96%	4%
DE	BY	3	2,913	971	26	78	76	23%		27%	50%
BY	IT	3	684	228	28	84	19			96%	4%
IT	BY	208	174,488	841	23	4,695	3,948			83%	17%
BY	PL	6	13,368	2,228	27	164	366			96%	4%
PL	BY	19	35,288	1,857	12	230	427			83%	17%
CH	DE	20,738	13,262,163	640	13	265,756	168,628	13%		56%	31%
DE	CH	18,665	11,730,231	628	26	482,988	303,127	13%		17%	20%
CH	DK	21	24,591	1,171	24	505	592			100%	0%
DK	CH	10	11,710	1,171	7	74	87			100%	0%
CH	ES	146	264,596	1,812	27	3,887	7,044			100%	0%
CH	FR	9	10,826	1,203	9	78	94			100%	0%
CH	IT	2,301	6,444,742	2,800	16	36,365	10,189	68%		21%	11%
IT	CH	3,693	11,043,962	2,83	28	105,050	29,696	42%		34%	24%
CH	NL	6,765	6,208,998	918	20	135,680	124,000	1%		69%	30%
NL	CH	8,986	7,412,788	825	20	183,715	151,559	1%		69%	31%
CH	SE	6	7,212	1,202	26	158	190			100%	0%
SE	CH	16	18,683	1,205	30	460	548			100%	0%
CN	DE	24,100	265,100,000	11,000	24	578,400	6,362,400			1%	99%
DE	CN	19,071	209,669,322	10,994	24	457,689	5,032,051			1%	99%
CN	HU	4,470	40,229,500	9,000	15	67,043	603,383			50%	50%
DE	DE	37,527	31,066,672	825	15	551,672	459,245	3%		50%	50%
CN	CZ	38,582	32,140,005	833	16	625,439	513,234	5%		50%	45%
CZ	HU	1,652	826,000	500	15	24,780	12,390			50%	50%
HU	CZ	3,349	1,674,500	500	15	50,235	25,118			50%	50%
CZ	IT	3,255	2,558,080	786	15	48,357	37,586			51%	49%
IT	CZ	3,349	2,724,691	814	15	51,498	43,061			51%	49%
CZ	NL	589	499,134	848	26	15,095	9,551	24%		72%	4%
PL	CZ	8,899	6,140,310	690	15	133,485	92,105			50%	50%
PL	CZ	8,899	6,140,310	690	15	133,485	92,105			50%	50%
CZ	SI	5,099	4,106,684	805	19	95,912	77,247			2%	98%
SI	CZ	3,100	2,630,815	849	14	43,040	36,526			2%	98%
DE	DK	3,883	4,245,514	1,093	34	130,191	144,134	24%		32%	44%
DK	DE	3,598	3,051,711	848	12	43,347	39,905	29%		23%	48%
DE	ES	21,537	32,984,549	1,532	26	552,527	845,945			77%	23%
ES	DE	25,391	34,752,076	1,369	18	458,810	629,719			94%	6%
DE	FR	12,213	12,411,777	1,016	23	278,463	286,069	3%		59%	38%
FR	DE	10,790	8,902,541	825	21	222,406	185,794	3%		60%	37%
DE	GR	910	1,909,259	2,099	28	25,535	53,603			100%	0%
GR	DE	448	936,874	2,094	9	4,151	8,690	1%		95%	4%
HR	DE	3	4,344	1,448	4	28	41			100%	0%
HR	DE	3	2,832	944	4	13	12			100%	0%
HU	HU	10,650	12,009,677	1,128	24	258,479	291,527	1%		58%	41%
HU	DE	8,202	9,971,647	1,216	18	150,040	186,301	1%		59%	40%
DE	IT	345,325	286,963,799	831	27	9,164,075	7,572,535	38%		28%	8%
IT	DE	352,997	305,038,049	864	22	7,903,593	6,708,504	37%		31%	26%
DE	LT	94	139,233	1,481	25	2,373	3,531	100%		100%	0%
LT	DE	93	139,233	1,497	26	2,373	3,531	100%		100%	0%
DE	LU	4,695	3,624,540	772	27	126,234	97,453	99%		1%	1%
DE	LU	4,637	3,579,764	772	25	115,922	89,492	97%		2%	1%
DE	NL	53,420	25,419,540	476	21	1,121,707	528,841			46%	54%
NL	DE	59,792	28,489,035	476	19	1,145,776	554,815			40%	60%
DE	NO	295	393,272	1,335	21	6,229	8,131			29%	71%
NO	DE	27	43,248	1,632	5	133	216			56%	44%
DE	PL	6,144	5,730,129	933	29	177,105	166,492	24%		28%	48%
PL	DE	6,005	5,732,026	955	16	93,572	89,213	23%		32%	45%
DE	PT	4	9,020	2,577	6	91	235			100%	0%
PT	DE	3	3,630	1,452	9	22	31			100%	0%
DE	RO	8,392	19,081,187	2,274	37	310,861	710,547	61%		11%	28%
RO	DE	7,830	18,016,111	2,301	36	281,848	652,058	63%		11%	26%
DE	RS	740	1,323,940	1,790	26	19,052	34,286			30%	70%
RS	DE	163	277,064	1,705	8	1,327	2,262			51%	49%

Relations		Consignments C	Consignments-km S*km	Average Distance	Average Weight t/c	Gross Weight t	Tonne-km 1,000 tkm	Techniques, % consignments			
from	to							ST	SB/CT <8,30m	SB/CT >8,30m	RoMo
Country											
DE	RU	455	485,203	1,068	25	11,579	12,361			93%	7%
RU	DE	254	847,100	3,335	15	3,710	12,372			99%	1%
DE	SE	52,257	57,327,852	1,097	24	1,263,691	1,381,974	68%		18%	14%
SE	DE	54,583	59,791,943	1,095	22	1,218,649	1,345,180	66%		19%	15%
DE	SI	9,091	8,929,910	982	22	204,179	196,088			55%	45%
SI	DE	8,601	6,958,785	809	11	92,487	85,430			64%	36%
DE	SK	185	294,142	1,590	56	10,291	16,362			100%	
SK	DE	13	17,223	1,378	19	139	192			100%	
DE	TR	10,996	21,233,074	1,931	21	231,461	456,263				52%
TR	DE	8,286	18,172,802	2,193	15	120,684	256,307			44%	56%
DK	IT	4,232	5,254,558	1,242	26	109,342	135,778	77%		15%	8%
IT	DK	4,452	6,378,014	1,433	28	125,630	180,022	69%		22%	9%
ES	AT	5	8,843	1,965	11	49	96			33%	67%
ES	CZ	5	9,334	1,867	28	142	265			60%	40%
ES	FR	5	3,225	269	4	46	13			60%	40%
ES	IT	2,999	3,275,257	1,092	28	83,748	91,477			61%	39%
IT	ES	2,253	2,493,759	1,107	16	36,102	39,960			42%	58%
ES	NL	171	267,866	1,566	20	3,359	5,241			75%	25%
NL	ES	716	1,325,185	1,852	27	19,171	35,707			56%	44%
ES	PL	72	101,736	1,423	29	2,071	2,947			70%	30%
PL	ES	44	74,907	1,722	26	1,112	1,915			44%	56%
ES	RO	4	13,580	3,355	29	116	394			100%	
SE	NL	2	1,966	983	28	57	86			100%	38%
SE	ES	2	4,000	2,000	28	55	111			100%	
ES	TR	3	4,251	1,417	20	59	84			14%	86%
FR	IT	54,080	28,540,746	528	25	1,348,181	752,880	51%		5%	44%
IT	FR	40,499	37,637,129	929	21	867,285	808,723	13%		5%	82%
FR	LU	40,757	36,275,775	890	22	911,430	816,612	55%		16%	29%
LU	FR	42,871	37,981,970	886	24	1,019,883	893,946	56%		16%	28%
NL	FR	3,101	2,797,033	902	16	49,485	41,035			84%	16%
NL	FR	2,045	1,821,773	891	22	45,871	39,952			79%	21%
FR	SE	6	6,339	1,057	19	117	122	66%		17%	17%
SE	FR	5	4,915	983	31	153	150	24%		51%	25%
GR	HU	5,714	9,712,950	1,700	15	85,703	145,694			50%	50%
HU	GR	915	1,555,500	1,700	15	13,725	23,333			50%	50%
GR	SK	12,386	17,339,700	1,400	15	185,783	260,096			50%	50%
SK	GR	12,386	17,339,700	1,400	15	185,783	260,096			50%	50%
HR	HU	7,016	4,560,075	650	15	105,233	68,401			50%	50%
HU	HR	6,641	4,316,650	650	15	99,615	64,750			50%	50%
HR	SI	100	31,955	320	22	2,169	693			2%	98%
SI	HR	30	8,784	293	18	539	158			100%	
HU	BA	813	487,500	600	15	12,188	7,313			50%	50%
HU	BG	1	270	540	6	3	2			100%	
IT	HU	25,979	15,272,034	588	16	420,000	249,262			45%	54%
IT	HU	24,112	14,320,864	594	15	367,394	218,646			47%	53%
HU	NL	2,335	3,374,075	1,445	19	44,248	63,939			45%	55%
NL	HU	2,659	2,845,839	1,070	23	60,558	64,786			33%	67%
HU	PL	460	391,243	851	15	5,885	5,885			50%	50%
PL	HU	4	3,464	866	8	31	27			58%	42%
HU	RO	1,049	793,040	756	14	14,624	10,334			59%	41%
RO	HU	751	638,595	845	15	11,265	9,019			50%	50%
HU	RS	133	9,250	450	15	1,995	898			50%	50%
HU	RU	108	222,372	2,059	31	3,383	6,966			93%	7%
RU	HU	16	43,905	2,744	16	255	701			99%	1%
HU	SI	11,457	6,437,389	562	13	147,099	79,509			42%	58%
SI	HU	22,728	12,840,832	565	16	361,405	206,727			42%	58%
HU	SK	1,447	383,455	265	15	21,705	5,752			50%	50%
SK	HU	1,828	484,288	265	15	27,413	7,264			50%	50%
HU	TR	11,986	14,403,813	1,202	15	180,520	217,194			50%	50%
TR	HU	12,893	15,553,980	1,206	15	194,486	235,310			50%	50%
IT	LU	19,169	20,580,542	1,074	15	280,117	298,448	100%			
LU	IT	18,871	20,265,458	1,074	23	440,106	473,963	100%			
IT	NL	69,764	83,100,091	1,191	24	1,667,905	1,986,875	17%		23%	60%
NL	IT	84,354	91,946,254	1,090	26	2,191,469	2,386,937	17%		27%	56%
IT	PL	60	54,616	918	28	1,647	1,512			1%	
PL	IT	63	42,073	673	24	1,530	1,030			100%	
IT	RO	2,758	3,522,908	1,277	24	66,032	84,345			100%	
RO	IT	2,899	3,680,155	1,269	12	35,671	45,283			100%	
IT	RU	64	57,039	891	19	1,225	1,091			94%	6%
RU	IT	11	13,354	1,214	29	316	383			99%	1%
IT	SE	3,324	5,263,625	1,584	27	91,316	144,312	59%		31%	10%
SE	IT	3,438	5,652,648	1,644	28	95,456	159,477	49%		12%	
IT	TR	2,613	5,874,939	2,248	28	73,451	165,144			83%	17%
TR	IT	2,619	5,916,155	2,259	5	13,297	30,037			88%	12%
JP	RU	1	9,000	9,000	29	29	263			100%	
KR	DE	4	41,876	10,469	24	95	998			100%	
KZ	BE	5	25,530	5,673	8	34	193			100%	
KZ	DE	2	912	456	8	15	7			100%	
KZ	PL	16	134,468	8,625	11	165	1,432			100%	
KZ	RU	11	65,546	9,519	8	90	535			100%	
LU	ES	1,109	1,336,345	1,205	23	25,507	30,736	47%		27%	26%
PL	PL	375	398,250	1,062	28	10,554	11,208	100%			
PL	LU	357	379,134	1,062	27	9,599	10,194	100%			
MK	HU	55	52,250	950	15	825	784			50%	50%
NL	CN	9	28,798	3,200	15	134	429			100%	
NL	PL	546	352,264	646	26	13,959	9,014	1%		66%	33%
PL	NL	537	610,048	1,137	17	9,246	10,514			43%	57%
NL	RO	340	566,965	1,670	28	9,609	16,048			33%	67%
RO	NL	79	109,101	1,381	11	882	1,218			100%	
NL	RU	32	79,936	2,498	24	772	1,929			93%	7%
RU	NL	148	395,752	2,674	25	3,745	10,014			99%	1%
NL	TR	682	1,432,200	2,100	25	17,007	35,716			16%	84%
TR	NL	334	607,518	1,819	15	4,915	8,940			16%	84%
NO	IT	20	10,800	540	20	619	7,344			54%	44%
PL	AT	16	10,544	659	5	73	48			58%	42%
PL	RO	1,360	1,448,400	1,065	19	26,517	28,241			100%	
RO	PL	1,322	1,407,930	1,065	14	19,058	20,297			100%	
PL	RU	221	737,256	3,336	28	6,214	20,731			35%	65%
RU	PL	69	268,818	3,896	9	623	2,428			99%	1%
PL	SI	2,450	2,481,850	1,013	15	36,750	37,228			5%	95%
SI	PL	3,867	3,917,272	1,013	20	77,240	78,345			9%	91%
PL	TR	65	167,765	2,581	20	1,287	3,321			16%	84%
TR	PL	153	279,288	1,825	15	2,340	4,272			16%	84%
RO	AT	3	1,024	410	6	15	6			96%	4%
RO	TR	297	267,300	900	15	4,455	4,010			50%	50%
TR	RO	352	316,800	900	15	5,280	4,752			50%	50%
RS	SI	799	436,486	546	3	2,730	1,491			74%	26%
SI	RS	984	540,373	549	26	25,448	13,975			74%	26%
RU	CN	6	47,118	7,853	28	167	1,312			98%	2%
RU	ES	17	24,706	1,453	30	506	735			99%	1%
RU	SK	16,793	32,746,350	1,950	15	251,895	491,195			50%	50%
SK	RU	18,375	35,830,275	1,950	15	275,618	537,454			50%	50%
SE	NO	1	540	540	31	31	17			98%	2%
SI	SK	10,341	7,374,788	713	15	150,658	107,443			2%	98%
SK	SI	9,359	6,944,752	742	12	116,501	86,448			2%	98%
UZ	BE	40	139,620	3,491	7	299	1,044			100%	
UZ	DE	9	10,898	1,211	7	65	79			100%	

TOTAL	2,665,259	2,963,541,938	1,112	22	58,574,277	65,977,656	21%	32%	43%	4%
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Note: The total figure does not reflect the cross-border volumes of Metrans

Terminals

TRANSHIPMENT TERMINALS MANAGED BY UIRR MEMBER COMPANIES



 Brennersee ROLA	 Cognac	 Leipzig-Wahren	 Milano Segrate
 CTE	 Gevrey	 Mannheim-Handelshafen	 Milano Smistamento (2022/2023)
 CTS	 Hourcade	 München-Riem	 Novara
 Salzburg Hbf ROLA	 LDCT/DELTA3	 Regensburg-Ost	 Piacenza
 St. Michael CCT	 Le Boulou	 Schweinfurt	 Pordenone
 Terminal Krems an der Donau	 Marseille	 Stuttgart-Hafen	 Roma Smistamento
 Villach Süd CCT/ROLA	 Mouguerre	 TSG	 TBG
 Wien Cont	 Noisy	 Ulm	 Torino Orbassano
 Wels Vbf CCT/ROLA	 Port de Calais	 Wuppertal-Langerfeld	 Verona Quadrante Europa
 Wien Süd CCT	 Saint Jory	 Thessaloniki	 Villa Selva
 Wolfurt CCT	 Toulouse Fenouillet	 Fényeslitke (opening in 2022)	 Bettembourg
 Wörgl ROLA	 Valenton	 Rail Cargo Terminal-BILK	 Brwinów (opening 2020)
 Athus Container Terminal	 Vénissieux	 Railhub Terminal Budapest	 Katowice Wlosienica
 Cirkeldijk	 Augsburg	 Sopron	 Railhub Terminal Poznan
 Combinant	 Basel - Weil am Rhein	 Bari Ferruccio	 Terminal Dąbrowa Górnicza
 Euroterminal	 Beiseförth	 Bologna Interporto	 Terminal Katy Wrocławskie
 HTA	 Berlin - Königs Wusterhausen	 Brescia (opening in 2022)	 Terminal Kontenerowy Pruszków
 Main Hub	 Duisburg Ruhrort Hafen	 Brescia Scalo	 Wrocław Siechnice
 Plovdiv	 Erfurt-Vieselbach	 Brindisi	 Bucharest Sud
 Mělník Labe	 Frankfurt/Main-Ost	 Brindis Pollmeri	 Cluj Napoca
 Horní Moštěnice	 Freiburg (RoLa)	 Busto Arsizio	 Railport Arad
 Rail Hub Ceska Trebova	 Gernsheim	 Candiolo	 Daventry
 Rail Hub Terminal Prague-Uhrineves	 Göttingen	 Castelguelfo	 Bratislava UNS
 Terminal Ostrava - Senov	 Großbeeren	 Catania Bicocca	 Rail Hub Terminal Dunajska Streda
 Terminal Plzen - Nyrany	 Hamburg-Billwerder	 Gallarate	 Terminal Kosice
 Terminal Zlin - Zelechovice/Lipa	 Ingolstadt-Nord	 Gela	 Terminal Zilina
 Trimodal Terminal Usti Nad Labem	 Karlsruhe	 Giovinazzo Terminal	 Aarau
 Aiton	 Köln Eifelort	 Livorno Guastice	 Basel
 Avignon Courtine	 Kornwestheim	 Lugo Terminal	 Gateway Basel Nord (2022)
 CEF	 KTL	 Maddaloni Marcianise	 Chiasso
 CLESUD	 Landshut	 Marzaglia	

For more information on terminals refer to the European Real Service Facilities Portal: <https://railfacilitiesportal.eu>



**INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR ROAD-RAIL
COMBINED TRANSPORT**

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